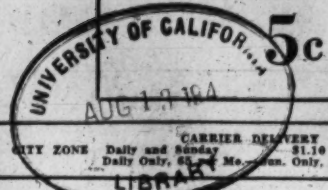


The Weather

Today—Mostly sunny with moderate temperatures and low humidity. Highest temperatures near 80. Yesterday—High, 85; low, 69.

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WASHINGTON: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1945

Single Atomic Bomb Dissolved Jap City, Fliers Who Dropped New Missile Declare

President's Ship Docks; Train Leaves For Capital

Truman Arrives At Newport News On Return From Big Three Parley

Newport News, Va., Aug. 7 (AP).—The U. S. S. Augusta, bearing President Truman and his party returning from the Big Three conference at Potsdam, docked at Hampton Roads port of embarkation, here today at 5:25 p. m.

The President and his party left immediately by special train for Washington.

Mr. Truman, looking physically fit and smiling, came down the gangplank immediately behind George Dresher, head of the Secret Service detail. Behind him came Admiral William Leahy, naval chief of staff to the President; Judge Samuel I. Rosenman, Secretary of State, James F. Byrnes and other members of the presidential party including Admiral Jonas H. Ingram, commander in chief, Atlantic Fleet, who went from Philadelphia to meet the Augusta.

Group Greets Him

As the President stepped on the pier he was greeted by Rear Admiral David M. LeBreton, commander of the Fifth Naval District, Brig. Gen. John R. Kilpatrick, commanding general Hampton Roads Port of Embarkation, and Rear Admiral P. N. L. Bellinger, commander, air force, Atlantic Fleet.

The President returned a snappy salute to General Kilpatrick and immediately crossed the pier to his train, which was waiting for him, followed by the remainder of his party.

The President boarded the special train, which comprised a locomotive and eight pullmans, at 5:15 p. m. and left about 15 minutes later.

Sailed From Hampton Roads

It was on July 7 that Mr. Truman sailed from Hampton Roads for his meeting with the heads of the two other great powers in the world.

Eight days later, he was in Berlin and on July 17 he began his talks with Premier Stalin and Prime Minister Churchill, who was replaced later by Clement Attlee.

At a flag raising ceremony at U. S. group council headquarters in Berlin July 20, Mr. Truman said: "We are fighting for peace and for the welfare of mankind. We are not fighting for conquest. There is not one piece of territory or one thing of a monetary nature that we want out of this war."

Mars' Salvage To Start Today

Baltimore, Aug. 7 (AP).—Salvaging of the 72½-ton Hawaii Mars, world's largest flying boat in operation, which sank in Chesapeake Bay Sunday after a rough landing, will begin tomorrow, weather permitting, but the time required to raise the huge craft remained undetermined today.

Officials of Merritt, Chapman & Scott Corp., New York City firm which raised the Normandie after she turned over at her pier, said an estimate of salvaging time needed would await further study of divers' reports. The accident occurred two weeks and one day after the ship's formal launching.

Capt. C. L. Petersen was detailed to cooperate with Comdr. J. O. Biglow, Navy representative at the Glenn L. Martin Co., builder of the Hawaii Mars, in handling the salvage job.

'Quick Peace' Talk Drops Securities

New York, Aug. 7 (AP).—Stocks declined \$2 a share and more in today's moderately active market as the possibility of a quick end to the war with Germany and Japan, which was the subject of a session for almost a year. Although the atomic bomb attack on Japan occurred yesterday, it apparently took a day for full appraisal of the development in Wall Street. The selling wave was attributed to a feeling that the new weapon might result in a quicker-than-expected end to the Pacific war with accompanying cutbacks and reconversion unsettlement.

Bonds were lower. Grains and cotton also were down.

Atomic Bomb Workers Leave Plant Area



NOW THEY KNOW—K. L. Keith of Clinton, Tenn., who was reared in the area in which he now works, shows his badge to Guard Nannie Sue Knox as he leaves the atomic bomb production area at Oak Ridge, Tenn. The workers at the plant did not know what they were producing until they read about the new bomb in their newspapers.

Restaurateurs Plead for Red Point Increase

Senate Committee Told Closings Will Result Over Nation

An irate, meat-starved group of restaurateurs descended upon Capitol Hill yesterday to plead for release of additional quantities of red points and warned that failure to meet their demands will result in the closing of hundreds of restaurants throughout the country.

Asking restoration of points removed by OPA order July 1, the restaurateurs told a Senate Small Business Subcommittee investigating food shortages that failure to receive additional allocation of red points would force them to close up or go into the black market.

Black Market Charged

Black market operations are expanding, the witnesses testified, and the small "fellow" has been forced to "pay and pay" or go without. An Arlington restaurateur told the committee black market steaks are being offered in this area at \$1.50 and expressed a willingness to provide officials with the phone numbers of operators.

George R. LeSavage, president of the National Restaurant Association, testified that red ration points are available at \$80 per 1000.

He outlined a four-point program calling for: Government control of the black market, revision of the OPA "hardship clause," consolidation of OPA amendments into one order and review of the entire meat rationing program to provide for more "intelligent administration."

Refuses Request

Max McCullough, OPA deputy administrator for rationing, refused to agree to abandonment of the July 1 order slashing meat points but agreed to confer further this week with restaurateurs. He said the order was issued to equalize the distribution of meat and fat throughout the country and to gain

See MEAT, Page 2, Column 2

Tuck Takes Early Lead In Primary

(Earlier Stories on Page 3)

William M. Tuck got away to an early lead over his opponent, Moss A. Plunkett, in the Virginia primary race for nomination as Governor of the State last night.

In the three-sided race for Lieutenant Governor, Col. Charles R. Fenwick of Arlington County and Lewis Preston Collins, Marion County, were running neck-and-neck and well ahead of the third candidate, Leonard G. Muse of Roanoke.

First returns from scattered precincts gave Tuck a 3-to-1 lead over Plunkett.

The first 54 precincts out of 1715 to report gave:

For Governor—Tuck, 1550; Plunkett, 495.

For Lieutenant Governor—Collins, 752; Fenwick, 896; Muse, 333.

The first four precincts of Loudoun County to report last night gave Tuck 119 votes, against 15 for Plunkett. Collins was leading with 66 votes for Lieutenant Governor, while his nearest opponent, Fenwick, was given 58, with Leonard Muse a poor third with 11 votes.

The Third Ward, the first to report in Alexandria gave:

For Governor—Tuck, 178; Plunkett, 92.

For Lieutenant Governor—Fenwick, 197; Collins, 40; Muse, 18.

GI's May Ship Pet Dogs Home, Army Rules

Rome, Aug. 7 (AP).—Previous frantic efforts of American soldiers to stow away their pet dogs on transports headed for the United States will not be necessary any longer.

Allied headquarters said today that pet dogs could be shipped home on War Shipping Administration vessels provided the owners obtained approval from their regimental commanders and paid the freight. The pets still will be taken from Army transports, however.

England Had Denied Story

Two Petain Witnesses Insist Britain Made Pact With Vichy

Paris, Aug. 7 (AP).—Two witnesses, testifying in defense of Marshal Henri Philippe Petain, insisted today that Britain concluded a secret agreement with the Vichy government after the fall of France. One named Lord Halifax, present British Ambassador to Washington, as a principal intermediary.

The allegations were made in the face of official British denials of such a secret negotiation. The agreement, the witnesses asserted, related mainly to obtaining French assurances that the French fleet would not be used against the British, that colonial bases and areas would be denied the Germans and that Vichy would refrain from attempting to regain overseas areas then under control of General de Gaulle's Free French forces.

See PETAIN, Page 2, Column 3

New Weapon Not To Bring Army Cut Now

Military Plays Safe, Retains 7 Millions For Possible Invasion

By the United Press

Through the Government is confident the atomic bomb will shorten the war with Japan, the Army will maintain its force of seven million men, it was learned yesterday.

The Army intends taking no chance. It is going ahead on the theory that seven million men may prove the irreducible minimum needed to defeat Japan. The atomic bomb is not changing its plans for deploying a vast army to invade the enemy's home islands and force unconditional surrender.

Figure Still 7,000,000

The theory is that it is better to be safe than sorry, whatever the atomic bomb achieves in speeding Japan's defeat will save that many more American lives, but pending evidence to the contrary, the Army is proceeding on the premise that it will be necessary to invade before the fanatical enemy yields.

It was estimated recently in congressional discussion that some three million men would have to comprise the Army forces actually in the Pacific to guarantee the success of an invasion at minimum cost. These would have to be

See ARMY, Page 2, Column 1

Shangri-La Diary

Trio Flown From Lotus Land As Natives Stood By Weeping

Margaret Hastings concludes her "Shangri-La Diary" in the following chapter with a breathless description of the final rescue from the valley.

CHAPTER 18

By Wac Corp. Margaret Hastings

Written Exclusively for International News Special Service (World Copyright and All Rights Reserved)

Owaga, N. Y., Aug. 7.—We should all have been as happy and content as kings in this Lotus land.

Instead, we were wildly impatient to escape from paradise.

We spent a large part of our waking hours discussing just when and how we would

be whisked out of the valley.

True, the glider strip was ready. We had expected to be rescued within 24 hours after the tests were completed.

At such an altitude, a plane has a tendency to stall at reduced speeds. The big C-47 assigned to our rescue would literally have to "walk in" at a mere 130 miles per hour to pick up the glider.

Furthermore, the added drag of a glider slows such a ship down to a dangerous 105 to 110 mph even at sea level. That speed would be even further reduced by the mile-high valley altitude.

Everyone connected with the project was apprehensive.

We were to be picked up from the floor of Shangri-La by a C-47

See SHANGRI, Page 2, Column 4

Enemy's Cabinet In Huddle; Nips Talk of Steps To Combat Bomb

San Francisco, Aug. 7 (AP).—The Japanese cabinet was reported assembled in special session today, presumably to discuss the drastic turn of events prompted by the loss of an atomic bomb on the homeland.

As enemy broadcasts warned the people to brace for renewed attacks by the superbombs, NBC in New York picked up a BBC broadcast quoting the Tokyo radio as saying the cabinet had been called together.

BBC said the wording of the broadcast implied that Premier Suzuki had summoned his advisers to discuss the atomic bomb raid which ripped the big military base of Hiroshima Monday.

Avoid Term "Atomic"

Throughout the day the Japanese had broadcast repeated accounts of the new bomb, carefully refraining from using the word "atomic" or admitting the breadth of destruction, but branding it a "diabolic weapon."

"Since it is presumed that the enemy planes will continue to use this new bomb," the Osaka radio said in a domestic broadcast, "the authorities agree to take measures to cope with it immediately."

Japanese accounts said "several bombs" fell on the big military base Monday, coming from the bomb bays of only a few Superforts, and Osaka added: "Even if the enemy does raid with a small number of planes we must be careful not to look at the raids lightly."

"Branded For Ages"

Another broadcast beamed to the United States declared that the use of the atomic bomb branded "the enemy for ages to come as a destroyer of justice and mankind."

All train travel into Hiroshima—which the Japanese conceded was "considerably damaged"—was forbidden.

"The destructive power of the new weapon cannot be slighted," warned Domei agency, which said a few of the annihilating bombs floated in over the military city by parachute and burst "before reaching the ground."

Apparently the Japanese could not believe that a single atomic bomb, which President Truman disclosed yesterday had hit Japan for the first time Monday (Tokyo time), could cause all that violence.

Report More Than One

Both Domei and an Imperial Headquarters communique recorded by the Federal Communications Commission said more than one bomb struck.

The communique, first to acknowledge a new weapon had been unleashed, said "considerable damage" was reported in Hiroshima.

"As a result of this wanton attack," added Domei, "a considerable number of houses in the city were demolished, while fires were caused to start at several points."

Domei declared the people must be prepared for new attacks by "this new bomb"—nowhere did the Japanese speak of atomic bombs—and that until authorities found means to combat it the only remedy was "to strengthen

See TOKYO, Page 2, Column 6

Pacific Climax Awaited; Truman Due in D. C., New Warning Likely

By Edward T. Follard

Solemn and expectant, Washington last night awaited the climax in the Pacific War. A show-down with Japan, it was felt, was imminent.

President Truman, who first gave the world news about the revolutionary atomic bomb that blasted Hiroshima three days ago, was on his way to Washington after disembarking from the cruiser Augusta at Newport News. In his broadcast to the Nation, reporting on the Potsdam Conference, he was expected to tell Japan anew that her choice lay between early surrender or "utter destruction."

To Disclose Results Today

The actual results of the bomb strike on Hiroshima will be disclosed today. The War Department announced last night that American reconnaissance planes had made photographs of the city, or what was left of it, and that experts were busy studying them.

A broadcast by the BBC said that the Japanese Cabinet had been called into special session to discuss "internal and foreign matters," and the British commentator interpreted this to mean that the atomic bomb was behind the action.

The Japanese leaders might soon have another Hiroshima disaster to ponder. It was made known that there were more where that one came from. President Truman had indicated that the United States was ready to use them.

None Will Forecast Action

Nobody here was presumptuous enough to forecast what the Japanese would do.

But here and in London men frankly admitted that if Hitler had possessed such a weapon in the beginning of the war, a German victory in Europe would have been inevitable.

Prof. James Kendall, chemistry professor at Edinburgh University, told about German research on the atomic bomb, and said:

"If Hitler had had any sense he would have delayed making war until he got the Germans onto this. If he had done so, the war would have ended in six days, instead of going on six years."

The excitement that was caused by President Truman's announcement of the bomb gave way yesterday to a sober consideration of all the possible consequences, both for good and for evil. This mood was especially noticeable on Capitol Hill.

Urges Stronger Peace Machinery

Senator Carl A. Hatch (D., N. Mex.) called for a strengthening of the United Nations peace machinery immediately and in every possible way.

"We simply have two alternatives—to live together peacefully or die together," Hatch said.

Other Senators wondered whether the atomic bomb would remain the secret of the United States, Great Britain and Canada, or whether it would be shared with other of the United Nations. Some thought it would greatly weaken Soviet Russia's potential.

Senator Ball (R., Minn.) said that whether the English-speaking nations would retain the secret "will be a major question which we will undoubtedly have to face in the next few years."

Senator Connally (D., Tex.) suggested that the secret be turned over to the United Nations Security Council, but Senator Wiley (R., Wis.) was opposed to any such action at this time.

In London it was felt that the new weapon would become the "big stick" of peace and security, provided it did not fall into the wrong hands.

Tip-off Turned Tide of War

Capture of Nazi Attack Plan Saved British at Dunkerque

Frankfurt, Germany, Aug. 7 (AP).—The accidental discovery of a secret German document enabled the British to evacuate 330,000 men from the trapped beaches of Dunkerque, the United States Army disclosed today.

"This was the paper that lost the war for Germany because it opened an escape hatch through which the core of the British regular Army slipped and gave Britain at least the semblance of enough strength to hold on until Russia and the United States were drawn to her aid," an intelligence officer of G-2 said.

At an hour when the French were being slaughtered and the British were making a desperate ef-

Refugee Aided Bomb Research



Associated Press WIREPHOTO

DR. LIZE MEITNER

German-Jewish woman physicist driven from her homeland by Hitler's racial laws, who played an important part in the development of the atomic bomb by breaking a 10-year deadlock in experimentation. Her mathematical calculations proved her thesis that the uranium atom was splitting into two approximate equal parts. Since leaving Germany in 1938 she has been at the Stockholm Academy of Science

(Story on Page 2.)

Fleet Planes Raid Wake To Renew Action

Superforts Smash At Jap Arsenal In Daylight Assault

BULLETIN

Guam (Wednesday), Aug. 8 (AP).—Carrier planes of the U. S. Pacific Fleet raided Wake Island Monday and struck shipping off the coast of China Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

Announced in a Fleet communique today, it was the first disclosure of carrier action since August 1. During July, Admiral Halsey's Third Fleet shelled and bombed Japan with unprecedented fury, destroying or damaging more than 1300 vessels and more than 1000 planes.

Manila (Wednesday), Aug. 8 (AP).—Japan's southern "fortress" island of Kyushu was battered anew Monday by more than 300 American planes which spread fresh, fiery destruction over a rail hub, a port and surrounding areas.

The attack, staged some 24 hours after a 400-plane assault on Japan's "invasion doorway," was announced today in a communique which told also of a Jap aerial counterthrust at Okinawa, the American-held "dagger" pointed toward Nippon. Four enemy planes "harmlessly" attacked Okinawa before dawn Saturday, Gen. Douglas MacArthur revealed. The strike, was beaten off by U. S. fighters that shot down one Jap plane and probably downed a second.

Guam (Wednesday), Aug. 8 (AP).—A fleet of Superfortresses obtained "excellent results" yesterday in a high-explosive pin-point raid on the naval arsenal at Toykawa, Japan's

See PACIFIC, Page 2, Column 2

Hiroshima Goes Up in 40,000-Ft. Tower of Smoke, Dust; Fires Seen

By Kenneth McCalch

Guam, Aug. 7 (INS).—Equal in destructive power to an attack by 2000 B-29s normally loaded with high explosive and incendiary bombs, the first single atomic bomb dropped on Japan dissolved the city of Hiroshima in a vast cloud of dust.

This was the description of the action of the most terrible weapon in world's history by the men who saw it strike.

[When the bomb exploded, the United Press said, the men of the crew, 10 miles away, exclaimed as one: "My God!"]

[What had been Hiroshima going about its business at 9:15 o'clock of a sunny morning, the United Press said, went up in a mountain of dust-filled smoke, black at the base, towering into a plume of white at 40,000 feet.—Editor's note.]

Dropped by "Enola Gay"

Air Force Col. Paul Tibbets of Miami, Fla., and Navy Capt. William Parsons of Santa Fe, N. Mex., respectively, airplane commander and "weaponeer" of the B-29 "Enola Gay" which dropped the capsule of scientific devastation, told their story to correspondents in Guam.

They were flanked by Gen. Carl A. Spaatz, Joint Gen. Curtis E. LeMay, and other high ranking Army and Navy officers who had a part in delivering the atomic bomb to the Japanese.

It was General Spaatz who declared that the bomb's power was that of a 2000 B-29 raid, and he added significantly in response to one correspondent's question that, had Allied air forces had this weapon "say in February, 1943, there would have been no necessity for D-Day" in Europe.

He said there would have been a good chance of shortening the European war from six to eight months.

Boysch Col. Tibbets who flew the Superfortress named for his mother on the historic strike mission, told his story first.

Formed for Special Mission

"A good many months ago," he said, "this special unit was organized to perform a special function. I was given command of the unit about the time it was thought up, and after training we came over assigned to the Strategic Air Force."

With Capt. Parsons and Bombardier Maj. Thomas were Ferebee of Mocksville, N. C., Colonel Tibbets made up a trio which alone of the 11-man crew of the "Enola Gay" knew the nature of the bomb load they carried.

"The trip to the target was uneventful," Tibbets continued, "but three of us realized all that had gone into the preparations for this mission."

"Conditions were clear and we encountered neither enemy fighters nor antiaircraft fire.

"We made our bomb run and released our bomb at 9:15 in the morning."

"Immediately after the release, we knew we had to get away from the target area in a hurry and I turned the plane so we were broadside to the target."

Whole City Obscured

"When the bomb struck we felt the concussion. It was like a close burst of flak. In fact, that's what I thought it was."

"It was hard to believe what we saw. The whole city was obscured by a tremendous cloud of dust and smoke. The only way we could tell a city had been there was because we had seen it a moment before."

A reconnaissance photograph taken four hours after the strike showed this dust and smoke cloud still covering what had been Hiroshima, a city of about 340,000 people.

General LeMay stated that fires were burning around the edge of the smoke area, and added that although no damage assessment could be made at that time, it "certainly appeared extensive."

(The War Department announced last night in Washington that reconnaissance photographs of the bomb strike are now being received at Guam, and results of the interest.)

See GUAM, Page 2, Column 3

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2 More D.C. Men Lost On Jap Prison Ship

War Sidelines Nearly 6000 Fliers Saved From Seas

London, Aug. 7 (AP).—Nearly 6000 American and R. A. F. airmen whose planes had been shot down or forced to ditch in the North Sea, English Channel or the Mediterranean were saved by air-sea rescue parties, it was disclosed today by the British Air Ministry.

Altogether, 13,586 Allied soldiers, sailors, airmen and civilians were rescued by the joint service between February, 1941, and the end of the war with Germany. A total of 3721 airmen members—3723 R. A. F. and 1998 Americans—were pulled out of the water around Britain, the report said.

4-Power Police in Vienna

Vienna, Aug. 7 (AP).—An international police team composed of American, Russian, British and French soldiers patrolling Vienna by jeep is giving citizens visual evidence of the practical cooperation of the four-power administration of the Austrian capital.

The international patrol, working in two six-hour shifts from 6 p. m. to 6 a. m., was developed by Col. William P. Yarborough, Richmond, Va., American provost marshal in Vienna. It may lead to full-scale combined military police patrols.

At present it is operating with four Americans, four Russians, four Britons and four Frenchmen, with one of each nationality in each jeep.

Wedded 'Miss Atlanta' Gets Another Chance

New York, Aug. 7 (AP).—Peggy Harden Payne, who was disqualified from competing in the "Miss America" beauty contest as "Miss Atlanta" when it was learned she was married, got a second chance yesterday.

She received an invitation to represent Georgia in competition with wedded beauties from 47 other States in the "Mrs. America" beauty contest to be held in Palmdale Park, N. J., early in September.

DUNKERQUE

From Page 1

Abbeville and striking in the rear of the Dunkerque area.

Gambling everything on bold strategy, the British commander concentrated every man he had at the point of attack.

The Germans attacked on schedule but their initial thrust was stopped cold and the British covering force held for three days while the frantic skippers of the fiercest assortment of tanks, armor cars, barges, yachts and other small craft ever assembled, emptied the beaches of 330,000 British and French troops.

Captured documents played a decisive part in at least half a dozen major engagements of the European war, this source said.

In the autumn of 1943 in Italy the Germans planned an attack at 8 a. m. The plan was to open heavy artillery fire at a key point, marking the area with phosphorus shells for the Luftwaffe which was to strike in full strength.

A copy of the official order for this attack fell into American hands at 7:15 a. m.—45 minutes before the attack was to begin.

With fine judgment, the American commander timed an artillery attack of his own for 15 minutes before the German attack was scheduled to start. The Luftwaffe, arriving on time, saturated the phosphorus-marked area and practically wiped out the German position. Seven hundred twenty dead Germans were found by advancing American infantrymen.

Again, in the U. S. Seventh Army area late in 1944 a German staff officer's notebook containing plans for the recapture of Strasbourg fell into American hands. The paper was so detailed it identified the units and named the point of attack.

No time was mentioned but an American intelligence officer correctly diagnosed the surprise factors and guessed the attack was set for Christmas Eve. The U. S. Forty-fourth and 100th Infantry Divisions were alerted.

As he guessed, the German Seventh SS Panzer Division attacked and was literally cut to shreds by the American Forty-fourth Division which captured the German commander. This operation now is known in official reports as the Battle of Bitche.

Under conditions that were expediting to him, German Field Marshal von Rundstedt has commented on the superlative quality of American intelligence in Europe.

During one of his conferences, one of the field marshal's staff officers—breaking all rules—secretly made notes of what was said. Those notes fell into American hands. They were analyzed and regarded so highly that a special critique on them was prepared.

ARMY

From Page 1

backed by four million men in supply and other forces.

Hence the Army determination despite some congressional charges that the Army is over-manned and should be reduced forthwith. Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson and other War Department leaders feel it wouldn't make sense to take a risk and cut the Army below seven million on the basis of the present situation.

Area Total Now 27; District Man Dies in Nip Camp

Washington area men reported killed through August 7, total 1317, including 1929 from the District of Columbia. United States casualties reported officially since Pearl Harbor, Harbor, 1,061,648.

The toll of District area men presumably killed in the sinking of Jap prison ships reached 27 yesterday with the War Department report that two more men, both captured on Corregidor, have been lost in attacks on prison ships.

The men are:

Capt. Robert G. Cooper, 26, son of Mrs. Avery J. Cooper, 4215 37th st. n.w., aboard the ship sunk December 15, 1944.

Warrant Officer William Wirship, 39, husband of Mrs. Wilma Wirship, 2100 19th st. n.w., aboard the ship sunk October 24, 1944, in the China Sea.

Another District man, Sgt. Donald A. Stover, 21, reported missing at the fall of Corregidor, died of malaria and dysentery July 14, 1942, in Cabanatuan, his mother, Mrs. Lillian B. Holden, 645 Maine ave. s.w., has been notified.

Besides the three deaths reported by the War Department, one other District man has been wounded, the Navy Department announced yesterday.

Captain Cooper went to the Philippines with the Coast Artillery soon after his graduation from West Point in 1940. He had asked for assignment to the Philippines, his mother said, because he had been there when he was 10 with his father, the late Col. Avery J. Cooper. The last letter received from him was dated December 13, 1944, from Bilidid which told of his receiving mail and that he expected to be shipped out. Besides his mother, he is survived by three brothers, all West Point men, Col. A. J. Cooper, jr., Lieut. Kenneth B. on duty in Manila, and Capt. Richmond J. and three sisters, Mrs. R. E. L. Thomas.

Warrant Officer Wirship was stationed at the Army War College in 1940 until he was sent to Corregidor in June, 1941, to organize a band with the Fifty-ninth Coast Artillery. He was interned at Cabanatuan, where he organized a 1500-voice choir, but was shipped from there before the Rangers arrived. Warrant Officer was very active in youth work at the Luther Park Memorial Church here.

Sergeant Stover worked his way over to the Philippines in 1938 on a merchant ship. "Union officials in the Philippines would not let him continue his journey from there. Since he was only seventeen, he wrote for his mother's permission to join the Army Air Forces. Born in Massonville, Pa., young Stover was graduated from Jefferson Junior High School here. In addition to his mother, he is survived by his father, Sanford H. Stover, San Francisco, Calif.

WOUNDED: Chief MM Robert J. O'Farrell, 36, son of Mrs. Jenney M. O'Farrell, 4317 River rd. n.w., was wounded June 10 when his destroyer was sunk off Okinawa.

PACIFIC

From Page 1

greatest producer of naval ammunition and weapons, it was disclosed today.

In the first big daylight assault since the carrier and Superfort raid on the Nagoya-Osaka area July 24, 125 B-29s escorted by Iwo-based Mustangs slammed 880 tons of demolition bombs into the arsenal, located on the narrow coastal plain northeast of Atsugi Bay.

Tokyo admitted "some damage" was caused by the 90-minute strike. Tokyo reported 40 Iwo-based Mustangs, led by a single B-29, bombed and strafed military installations and unidentified cities in the southwest of the Tokyo-Yokohama area yesterday.

Unconfirmed enemy broadcasts said British land-based planes participated in the raid. If true, it would be the first time they have been in action against the Japanese capital area.

Final reports from Monday's pre-dawn Superfortress raid against four industrial cities and the Ube synthetic oil plant showed 572 planes struck at the primary targets, while 28 dropped mines and nine others hit targets of opportunity.

The primary targets—Imabari, Saga, Nichinomiya-Mikage, Maebashi and Ube—were left burning. Tokyo said the "entire Japanese navy," including planes, submarines and surface units, have been converted into a special-attack (suicide) corps.

MEAT

From Page 1

a more equitable distribution between the home and the restaurant. The rationing chief contended restaurants are not closing because of a point shortage as stated by restaurateurs. At the same time he dismissed their contention that a meat shortage is non-existent.

Senator Joseph C. Mahoney (D., Wyo.), a member of the investigating committee, recommended centralization of OPA authority. "A little commonsense doesn't hurt anything either," Senator Tom Stewart (D., Tenn.), chairman of the subcommittee, declared.

Witnesses charged the "multi-tudinous" orders coming out of OPA have tended to confuse the small operator. "We're war weary and tired," one restaurateur said.

Shangri-La Natives Say Goodbye



BEFORE THE TAKE-OFF—Friendly natives of Shangri-La Valley move away from one of the gliders sent to rescue Corpl. Margaret Hastings and two Army airmen after saying goodbye as members of the rescuing party prepare to leave the valley.

PETAINE

From Page 1

proached Petain on July 22, 1940, with an offer to attempt to open negotiations with Britain. Rougier, the witness said, claimed he had "valuable contacts" in London, and was given permission by Petain to leave for London.

Reported Parleys

Fernet said he was present November 10, 1940, when Prof. Rougier returned from London and reported to Petain on the progress of his negotiations. Rougier was said to have conferred with Prime Minister Winston Churchill and Minister of War Anthony Eden and to have left with Petain a three-point plan which was to serve as the basis of a "modus vivendi" between the two governments.

Chevallier testified that he participated directly in talks between Britain and Vichy. He claimed that Lord Halifax, then British Foreign Minister, got in touch with him through the Canadian Minister to Vichy, Pierre Dupuy, late in 1940. They were friends since college days in Oxford, Chevallier said. His testimony regarding the terms of the alleged accord agreed substantially with what Fernet had told the court.

Chevallier said Lord Halifax notified him through Dupuy that the transaction must be kept hidden from the Germans through "official channels" and the continuing of "an apparent state of tension" between London and Vichy.

Terms Were Effectuated

The agreement was concluded and its terms actually went into effect, both witnesses claimed. The immediate results for the French, Chevallier said, was that French ships were allowed to pass Gibraltar, and Lord Halifax said: "We are ready to deliver certain necessary goods on condition that they do not fall into German hands."

One of the French conditions was that the British radio should "abstain from mixing into French internal affairs," the witness said. Chevallier added that he maintained close relations with American diplomatic and other missions in France.

As Chevallier ended his testimony, presiding Judge Paul Monge asked him: "Did you know that Churchill had denied the accord of which you spoke?"

"Not the terms of which I spoke," Chevallier replied.

At one point in the afternoon, six members of the 24-man jury were seen to be sound asleep. Bearded Prosecutor Andre Moret also was slumbering.

The day's big-name witness was Marcel Peyrouton, former Governor-General of Tunisia who was minister of the Interior in Petain's Vichy government. He was awaiting trial himself, was brought into court under guard.

Peyrouton testified that Vichy maintained contact with the British Government via Madrid and Bern throughout 1940. Franco-British messages, he said, were mainly concerned with the French fleet, but no results came from the conversations.

A juror asked Peyrouton about the passage of anti-Jewish laws by the Vichy government and Peyrouton retorted with the question: "Is this my trial or Marshal Petain's?"

Under further questioning, he said racial laws were signed by all government ministers.

The question of Vichy's racial laws also was brought up by another witness, Jean Marie Rousset, a well-known jurist.

Rousset said the dossiers of some 800,000 persons, all of them naturalized Frenchmen, were placed before his commission for examination. By March, 1942, he said, he reported to Petain that three percent of the total had been "denaturalized."

The witness said Petain promised to support him when he announced his commission intended secretly to protect naturalized Jews and a German demand that they should lose their French citizenship.

Meanwhile, officials of the ministry of justice interrogated the wives of Marshal Petain and his former right-hand man, Pierre Laval. Whether they will be tried on charges of intelligence with the enemy will be decided after complete questioning of their activities.

Witnesses charged the "multi-tudinous" orders coming out of OPA have tended to confuse the small operator. "We're war weary and tired," one restaurateur said.

Sign of the Times
Boston (AP).—Sign in a Boston tearoom: "Not responsible for snagged stockings."

SHANGRI-LA

From Page 1

belts and showed us how to hang on, to lessen the initial shock or impact of the pickup. The C-47 roared down on us in a power dive. I froze to the rosary and the glider brace. There was a sudden jolt that would have knocked me out of the glider itself, I am sure, if I hadn't been strapped in. We began to slide down the strip. I prayed like sixty that the nylon tow rope would hold.

Now we were off the ground and beginning to climb. We grazed a tree top and I instinctively leaned back in horror, remembering those clutching tree tops on the mountain just before the big plane had crashed 47 days before.

We were above the tree tops now. The valley lay green and peaceful below us.

Almost Spilled Again
I did not know until later how perilously close we had come to being spilled into the jungle a second time. The tow rope had dragged through the trees and had snatched the Louise to 105 mph.

Major Samuel, at the controls and shaken by the incident, was damp with perspiration. His hands were so wet that he had to borrow gloves from his copilot to continue flying.

Later on, when Samuels was recommended for the DFC for snaking us out of Shangri-La, he said with great feeling:

"I wouldn't do it again for a dozen of them."

But we were too busy with our own troubles back in the glider to realize that Maj. Samuels was having a bad time of it in the C-47. When McCollom, Decker, Doc, Duggan and I realized that the tow rope was holding and that we were on the way home, we were so happy we forgot all our previous worries. We were congratulating each other when suddenly we became conscious of a constant slapping noise on the bottom of the glider, as if someone were spanking it.

Lieutenant Paver leaned out of the cockpit and discovered that we had had the bad luck to pick up one of the big cargo parachutes that marked the glider strip.

Our dismay, little ribs began to appear in the body of the glider where the parachute kept rhythmically spanking it.

Like Glass-Bottom Boat
I tried not to look at the hole. But I couldn't tear my eyes from them. The holes got bigger and bigger. Before long, we merely had to look down to see everything over which we were flying—like prewar excursionists in the glass-bottom boat at Catalina Island.

Lieutenant Paver obviously did not care for the situation. But he did his best to reassure us. He would look around from time to time, give us a wooden grin and smile nonchalantly. But we sweated it out, just the same. By the time we finally reached Hollandia, the hole ran the width of the glider and was about 2 feet across. That's not reassuring in a glider.

It took us only about 90 minutes to fly out of Shangri-La into Hollandia, though it seemed that many hours. But eventually this final nightmare ended, too. Suddenly we were circling the field at Hollandia. The damaged glider settled down in a perfect landing.

In another moment, I stepped onto the field at Hollandia, 47 days after my take-off for what was to have been—at best—a four-hour routine flight over New Guinea's unknown country. I was 47 days late for that swimming day I had with Wally.

But I was safe at last. I clutched instinctively at McCollom and Decker as we walked toward the photographers' flash bulbs. We had been through a great and terrifying experience together. We would be friends for life.

"I Was Lucky"
As we walked toward the group waiting for us, I realized more fully than ever how lucky I had been to survive the crash on the mountain, and to survive with such men as the lieutenant and the sergeant.

Each in his way, had suffered far more than I. Back on that mountainside, a white cross marked the grave of McCollom's twin brother. Ahead of Decker stretched long weeks, perhaps months, of hospitalization for his many injuries.

I thought gratefully of Captain Walters and his Filipino paratroopers who had jumped to our rescue and who were still back in Shangri-La. More glider rescues, on subsequent days, would bring them also to safety.

I thought of all this as I walked away from the glider, back into my old life. And I thought of the 21 back on the mountain peak under the little white crosses and the Star of David. Only then and for the first time could I weep.

(The End.)
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Bomb Is News Johnson's Widow Receives To Dr. Meitner, Truman's Sympathy Message

Atom Pioneer

Stockholm, Aug. 7 (AP).—Dr. Lise Meitner, 67-year-old Austrian whose mathematical calculations played an important part in the development of the atom bomb, said today she had no knowledge of the atom bomb announcement as she had not listened to the radio or read a newspaper recently. She declined to discuss her contribution to atom work.

Dr. Meitner was once a director of the Kaiser Wilhelm Institute. She fled Germany in 1938 although Hitler overlooked his Nuremberg anti-Semitic laws in an effort to compel her to stay. She escaped over the Dutch border and traveled to Sweden. Dr. Meitner always refers to herself as an "Austrian" and never a German and throughout her 32 years of work in Germany never became a German citizen.

Left Never to Return

"When I left Germany it was never to return," she said. Per Ohlin, Swedish scientist at Uppsala University, said the atom bomb undoubtedly was closely connected with the discovery of Dr. Meitner and a Dr. Hahn of Germany of the "nuclear reaction by which atoms of uranium split into two parts, releasing great energy."

Dr. Meitner's brother-in-law, Dr. Justus Firsich, said she was greatly interested in the 1938 discovery by Hahn and Strassman, another German scientist, who showed theoretically that the uranium atom could be transformed into the barium atom.

Communicated to Nephew

Dr. Meitner, a close friend of Hahn, immediately communicated the information together with observations of her own to Dr. Otto Robert Firsich, her nephew, who had joined Dr. Niels Bohr's institute in Copenhagen in 1934 as an assistant.

In the absence of Dr. Bohr, who was in America at the time, Dr. Firsich began experiments, his father said, seeking to prove in practice that the uranium atom could be split. He succeeded in 1939 by bombarding uranium with radium neutrons.

Dr. Firsich became a British citizen in 1943 and late that year went to the United States where he worked on the staff of the war-mobilized scientists headed by Dr. Vannevar Bush. For a time Dr. Firsich carried on work at an experimental atomic laboratory in Santa Fe, N. Mex.

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Johnson's Widow Receives Truman's Sympathy Message

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In

Names Of Additional Troops
Arriving In U. S. From Europe

(These names were telegraphed directly to The Washington Post by the Associated Press. There is no assurance that the list is correct, because it was compiled in Europe previous to embarkation, but officials said that the margin of error is slight. Relatives should not contact the port or The Washington Post for further information.)

New York, Aug. 7.—The following arrived aboard the SS Sea Pike yesterday:

VIRGINIA

Holmes, Corp. Richard, Meridithville.
Middough, Corp. Ben, South Hill.
Crews, T/5 Joseph, Scottsburg.
Edmonds, Pfc. George C., Albemarle.
Twyman, Pfc. Tolisher, Orangeville.
Childress, Pvt. Robert F., Halifax.
Franklin, Pvt. George, Emporia.
Humes, Pvt. Moses N., Virginia Beach.
Jones, Pvt. Timothy, Newport News.
Jones, Pvt. Robert C., Chase City.
Volte, Pvt. Thomas C., Richmond.
Wart, Pvt. Michael W., Green.

ance, Pvt. Jake Lynchburg.
uver, Pvt. Marion A.,

Exe. Wigginton, Pvt. Joseph L.
Fredericksburg.
Smith, Pvt. French, Jr., William.

son. Jones, First Lieut. Charles R.
Richmond.
Hollins, Sergt. Earhart M.
Harrisonburg.

Vessels, T/4 Lee, Upshaw P. O.
King Williams.
Fegins, T/5 George W., Radcliff.

Johnson, T/5 Harold L., Richmond.
Richardson, T/5 Romeo W.
Richmond.

Upshur, T/5 Richard C., Massawood.
Clark, Pfc. Charles D., Danville.
Eldridge, Pfc. Herbert L., Richmond.

Jones, Pfc. Charles S., Bristol.
Stokes, Pfc. Charlie L., Greenbay.
Elliott, Pvt. Lloyd C., Franklin.

McDowell, Pvt. Aaron, Hampton.
Hoffler, Pvt. Percy, Norfolk.
Nolen, Pvt. Mond, Woolville.

Taylor, Pvt. Thomas H., Richmond.
Hughes, T/5 John A., Arvon.
Summons, T/5 John M., Washington.

Racks, Pvt. Thomas, Richmond.
Lewis, Corp. John, Norfolk.
Martin, Corp. John R., Roanoke.

White, Corp. Willie, Richmond.
Clark, Pfc. Isiah, Covington.
Dedraux, Pfc. Erman A., Norfolk.

Ferguson, Pfc. Ruben B., 622 S. Wash. st., Alexandria.
Walker, Pfc. Roosevelt, Richmond.

Washington, Pfc. Howard S., Parkersley.
Williamson, Pfc. McCoy, Carson.
Tuck, Pfc. Robert L., Virginia.

Peace, Sgt. Thomas H., Richmond.
Akers, Pfc. Roley C., Radford.
Anderson, Pfc. Robert K., Mattox.

Ayers, Pfc. Andrew F., Colliers-town.
Black, Pfc. Charles C., Vance Mills.
Chandler, Pfc. Albro F., Keller.

Darnell, Pfc. Danny R., Hill.
Finley, Pfc. William F., White Top.
Whitener, Pfc. Arthur L., Portsmouth.

Brook, Pvt. Elmer W., Norton.
Byard, Pvt. John R., Richmond.
Cutlip, Pvt. Clifford G., Richmond.

Gardner, Pvt. Charles W., Clyndor.
Hensley, Pvt. Fred C., Hilton.
Pvt. Irvin F., 3708 8th st., Arlington.

Howell, Pfc. Claude, Willis.
Jones, Pfc. Marvin F., Onier.
Lefler, Pfc. James T., Pulaski.

Mullen, Pfc. Thomas J., Roanoke.
Prillman, Pfc. Earnest M., Henry.
Ragland, Pfc. Alfred G., Pemberton.

Stevenson, Pfc. William, Portsmouth.
Thorpe, Pfc. Calvin, Alexandria.

MARYLAND

Myers, Pvt. Floyd V., Boonsboro.
Shipley, Pvt. Robert A., Brandville.
Williams, Pvt. Dean M., Cordova.

Purnell, Pvt. George E., Berlin.
Moore, Robert R., Elkton.
Jones, Pfc. Wilmer H., Mechanicsville.

Smith, Pfc. John M., Callaway.
Clemons, Pvt. Eddie, Annapolis.
Boose, Pfc. Mervil V., Cambridge.

Weaver, Pfc. Leonard E., Hagers-town.
Brough, Pvt. David C., Hyattsville.
Franz, Pvt. John M., Cockeysville.

Gipe, Pvt. Nelson B., Hagerstown.
Lotman, Pfc. Winfield, Northeast.
Pink, Pfc. Wallace I., Cambridge.

Pruitt, Pfc. Grady L., Bel Air.
(Names of Washington men aboard the Sea Pike were carried in late editions of The Post yesterday.)

Arrivals on Mormacport
New York City, Aug. 7.—Arrivals aboard the Mormacport here today:

VIRGINIA

Eddy, Capt. John H., Roanoke.
Head, First Lieut. Stuart F., Charlottesville.
Ashby, Sergt. Estel H., Marshall.

Devault, T/5 Franz B., Lawrenceville.
Clendenen, Pfc. Wilbur, Falls Mills.
Cochran, Pfc. Arch B., Route 1, Pounding Mills.

Herrick, Pfc., William A., sr., Norfolk.
Lawson, Pfc. Virgil C., Austinville.
Merchant, Pfc. Walter O., Manassas.

Stroud, Pfc. Eugene C., Richmond.
Trammell, Pfc. Albert L., Keyville.
Culbertson, Pfc. Arnold, Nickelsville.

Farrell, Capt. H. Jr., Goochland.
Belote, Pfc. Richard L., Norfolk.
Fox, Pfc. Carl C., Staunton.
Hudgins, Pfc. Joseph J., Grafton.
Robertson, Pfc. Walter R., Winchester.

Underwood, Pfc. Clyde C., Roanoke.
Hurley, Pfc. Charles E., Gore.
Puffenberger, Pvt. George W., Head Waters.

Powrosnik, T/Serpt. Martin J., Roadsville.
Keel, Staff-Serpt. Jarvis A., sr., Richmond.
Dunn, T/4, Roanoke.

Potts, T/5 Jack C., Arlington.
Clark, Pfc. Robert W., S. Boston.
Collins, Pfc. Jay J., Kingmont.

Eagle, Pfc. Henry C., McDowell.
Fields, Pfc. James R., Cedarbluff.
Hinnman, Pfc. Woodrow, Eastville Station.

Beatley, Pfc. Wm. A., Gonyon.
Bowers, Pfc. Glenville H., Floyd.
Bridge, Pfc. Reginald G. T., Lyndhurst.

Coleman, Pfc. John W., Danville.
Crump, Pfc. Charles R., Richmond.
Sarger, Pfc. Dennis, Schoolfield.

Hemphill, Pfc. James R., Lynchburg.
Horne, Pfc. Woodrow W., Coeburn.
Johnson, Pfc. John E., Broadford.

Manning, Pfc. Richard W., Bassett.
Mitchell, Pfc. Lawrence E., 2d, Bradford.
Moore, Pfc. Evans J., Indian Valley.

Moss, Pfc. Robert A., jr., Richmond.
Smith, Pfc. Carl E., South Hill.
Wright, Pfc. Charles R., Bland.

Craun, Pfc. Robert L., Waynesboro.
Hicks, Pvt. Thomas J., Radiant.
Hoffman, Pvt. William, Brightwood.

Hoy, Pvt. Aubrey J., Waynesboro.
Huffman, Pvt. William W., Portsmouth.
Gautier, Pvt. Melvin T., Suffolk.

Kirby, Pfc. Ancil N., Marion.
Harger, Pfc. Dennis M., Schoolfield.
Williams, Pfc. Harrison R., Covington.

Carlton, Second Lieut. Thomas, Roanoke.
Witt, Pfc. John S., Tye River.
Right, Pvt. Thomas L., Hollins.

Blankinship, Pfc. Cassie S., Evingsville.
Dewey, Pfc. John W., Flint Hill.
Moore, Pfc. Denver H., Benham.

Sullivan, Pfc. Alton H., Fredericksburg.
Webb, Pfc. Norman M., Lowmoor.
Dorman, T/5 Whit E., Harrisonburg.

Anderson, Pfc. James W., Axton.
Carroll, Pfc. William E., Portsmouth.
Phillips, Pvt. Olen, Crystal.

Boston, Aug. 7.—Arrivals due here today aboard the SS George Shiras were:

Washington, D. C.
Moffit, First Lieut. Robert V., Annapolis Hotel, Washington.
Hibbe, Sergt. Robert J., 424 Buchanan st., Washington.

Arrivals Today
New York City, Aug. 7.—Arrivals aboard the S. S. Santa Marta, due here August 8, were:

Washington, D. C.
Pocholek, T/Serpt. John J., Pound.
Mayo, Sergt. Arthur N., Norfolk.

Lyles, T/5 James F., 220 South Fayette st., Alexandria.
Warem, Pvt. Walter F., Walkerton.
Talleym, T/5 Abner O., Virgilian.

Cook, Pfc. John H., Harrisonburg.
Fairgin, T/5 Coy W., Bristol.
Wilson, Pfc. David L., Norfolk.

VIRGINIA

Chumbley, T/4 Wesley D., Christiansburg.
Murphy, Corp. Edward L., Norton.
Campbell, Pfc. Theodore, Waynesboro.

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Wilson, Pfc. David L., Norfolk.

Stanton Hospital
Aahits Virginians

Stanton, Va., Aug. 7 (P).—Among 222 patients including 78 litter cases admitted at Woodrow Wilson Hospital in the last few days are the following Virginians:

Pfc. Morris A. Williams and T/5 Malcolm E. Rhodes, Waynesboro.
S/Serpt. Russell A. Bowles, Narrows; T/5 Reuben H. Wharm, Jr., New Canton.

Pfc. Henry W. Holt, Lynchburg; Pfc. Walter I. Pratt, Floyd.
Pvt. Orville F. Christensen, Portsmouth.

Pvt. William A. Brizidine, Dunnsville.
Pfc. Jessie Oberry, Smithfield.
Pfc. John G. Marshall, Pulaski.

T/4 Andrew P. Williams, Cero.
T/4 Linwood Worrell, Holland.
Pvt. Frank A. Chaney, Danville.

Pfc. John T. Haney, Arlington.
Pfc. Carroll F. Thorn, Manassas.
Tech. George A. Parker, Amburg.

T/5 Roland P. Senften, Warrenton.
Pfc. Richard P. Clark, Rocky Mount.
Pfc. William L. Jensen, Portsmouth.

Pfc. Dolly Bryant, Garrisonville.
Sergt. William M. Hager, Fieldale.
Pvt. John R. Murphy, Mt. Clare.

Corpl. Frank Coleman, Fredericksburg.
Johnson, Pfc. Clyde M., Norfolk.
Houchins, S/Serpt. William R., Troutville.

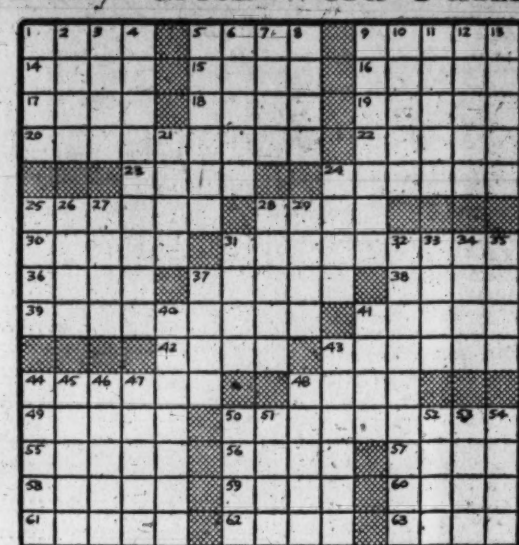
Jenkins, Pfc. Robert W., Winchester.
Bolton, Pfc. Wesley R., Alexandria.
Thomas, T/5 Robert L., Fredericksburg.

Wilson, Pfc. William, Raphine.
Cake, Capt. John W., Jr., Lynnhaven.
Mock, Corp. James Y., Abingdon.

Hamilton, Maj. Phillip W., Gloucester County.
Smith, Pfc. George E., Portsmouth.
Ingram, Pfc. Walter W. Bassett.

Lewis, Pfc. Elisha R., Zuni.
Eades, Corp. William H., Petersburg.
Blevins, Pfc. Femon N., Connaburg.

Daily Cross Word Puzzle



ACROSS
1. Citrus fruit
2. Sipped
3. 36 Penetrated
4. Clear
5. 36 Penetrated
6. Mistake
7. 36 Penetrated
8. Toward the
9. 36 Penetrated
10. 36 Penetrated
11. 36 Penetrated
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3700 District
Workers Used
On New Bomb

Into the making of the atomic bomb which blasted Hiroshima with devastating force Sunday went the efforts of more than 3700 Washington workers, Ernest V. Connolly, Washington area director for the WMC, disclosed yesterday.

Beginning in November, 1943, the United States Employment Service offices here recruited skilled and semiskilled workers from the construction trades. The recruiting continued until October, 1944, when the labor complement in three plants engaged in manufacturing was completed, Connolly stated.

The three plants are the Clinton Engineering Works of Knoxville, Tenn.; the Hanford Engineer Works near Pasco, Wash., and the New Mexico Project.

Contracts to 2 Firms
Another phase in Washington's contribution to the bomb's "birth" was the participation of two local firms which fulfilled subsidiary contracts for the Manhattan Engineer Co., secret name of the project's top development organization.

The firms were: the William E. Kingswell, Inc., located at 3707 Georgia ave. n.w. and Mehling and Hanson Co., at 12th and H sts. n.e. Connolly revealed that the Kingswell Co. had been authorized by the WMC to raise its employment ceiling and move into a top priority when it had been given a "secret must" contract for the War Department. The secret contract provided a contribution to the atomic bomb's final assembly.

Guesse Fire Extinguishers
It was the Mehling & Hanson Co. employees who yesterday reported that "all they knew about the job was that it was important."

Some of the employees had guessed that they were making fire extinguishers for B-29's.

In all, the local WMC office referred 9806 workers to the three plants areas since the inception of the bomb's construction.

The first group to leave the District were 29 carpenters who reported to Clinton on November 6, 1943. The next labor movement sent 640 men of various construction skills to the Hanford plant.

Farmer Sued by OPA
Baltimore, Aug. 7 (P).—James Roscoe Reel, Hancock farmer, was named defendant today in an Office of Price Administration federal court suit for \$1,815.50 or three times an alleged overcharge of \$604.50 in the sale of a second hand tractor to another farmer.

ON THE AIR! "The Listening Post" every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday morning at 10:45 E.W.T. on WMAL

What's Going On and Where
Entertainment for Service Men and Women
Victory Canteen for Servicemen, 1113 Pennsylvania ave. n.w., 10 a. m.

Army-Navy Masonic Servicemen's Center, 13th st. and New York ave. n.w., 1 p. m.

Servicemen's Ticket Booth, 8 st. and Pennsylvania ave. n.w., 4 to 8:30 p. m.

Pepp-Cola Canteen for Servicemen of the United Nations, 13th and G sts. n.w., checking, showers, luncheon, all day.

Stage Door Canteen, Precious Joy Taylor, pianist, 8 to 8:30 p. m.; Lassa Trio, Madrilion Restaurant, 9 to 9:30 p. m.; Earle Theater stage show, 10:30 p. m.

Rock Cro / Park, 7:30 p. m.
Officers' Service Club, 1633 21st st. n.w., informal dancing, hostesses, 8:30 to 11:30 p. m.

USO, 1911 H st. n.w., square dance, 8:30 p. m.; bridge class for beginners, 7:30 p. m.

Music Canteen, 13303 G st. n.w., 7 to 9 p. m.
Luncheon
National Capital Optimist Club, Continental Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co., South American room, Statler Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Rotary Club, large ballroom, Willard Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Public Events
German surrender documents and papers, and museum papers of the late President Roosevelt, National Archives Building, 8:45 a. m. to 5:15 p. m.

"Italy at War," water colors by Sergt. Joseph Kimmel, Public Library, 8th and 1st sts. n.w., 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

John Barrymore as Hamlet, a painting by John Slavin, Smithsonian Institution, 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

Outstanding Army art, National Gallery of Art, 10 a. m. to 5:30 p. m.

Volcanic Blast Only Force To Exceed Bomb's

By Peter Leary

Probably the second greatest explosion of matter in history, the violence of the blast of the atomic bomb at Hiroshima, was exceeded only by the volcanic blast of Krakatoa, an island in the Sunda Straits, near Java, which erupted in 1883, August 26 and 27.

This explosion, exhaustive study by scientists later determined, lifted a cubic mile of earth about 10 miles into the air. It destroyed an island of 18 square miles area, and lifted 17 miles into the earth's atmosphere a cloud of dust greater than any man had ever seen.

This dust cloud alone obscured the sun for months in Africa—2500 miles away; changed the color of the moon to most of the men

in Asia; and remained suspended around the earth for some six years.

The 50-foot "tidal" wave raised by the shock circled the earth with intensity sufficient to be measured on tidal gauges four times. It drowned 36,000 persons as far as 150 miles away. The pumice, a light, porous volcanic rock which floats in water, cast upward by the explosion of the 2600-foot volcanic cone, was spread so widely on the Pacific and adjacent water is noted for six months in steamer lanes between Asiatic and African ports, and even in the Indian Ocean. The sound wave was heard 2250 miles away in Australia.

Cause of the eruption of Krakatoa still is debated by volcanologists and geologists generally. It is believed the central pipe or tube leading from subterranean lakes of molten rock became stoppered by cooling lava, and "blew out" with the most disastrous force the world has ever seen—nature produce—without man's help.

It is conceivable that half a dozen or more atom bombs like the Hiroshima "football" might literally "scorch" the earth of Japan as the island of Krakatoa was scorched. The latter was studied for years by Dutch and other scientists, who believed it to be the nearest thing to scientifically sterile earth, devoid of all organic life, that has appeared, perhaps since the origin of the earth itself.

Luttrell Family
Reunion Set Sunday

Winchester, Va., Aug. 7 (Sp.).—The twenty-fifth annual Luttrell Family Reunion will be held Sunday, August 12, at Shocksyville, Va.

The gathering is one of the largest of its kind in this area. Principal speaker will be R. J. Luttrell of Alexandria, Va. Burrell Luttrell of Baltimore is chairman of the program committee.

Officers of the association are W. F. Luttrell, Winchester, president; Eppy Luttrell, Berkeley Springs, vice president, and Lloyd Luttrell, Martinsburg, secretary-treasurer.

Stanton Plans to Fete
Anderson at Picnic

Stanton, Va., Aug. 7 (P).—Plans for the entertainment of Secretary of Agriculture Clinton Anderson at a countywide picnic here Saturday, August 25, were made at a meeting tonight in the county agent's office.

The picnic, to be held at Gypsy Hill Park, where Secretary Anderson will speak, is sponsored by the Augusta County Puritan Clubs.

Chambers of Commerce of Waynesboro and Staunton, and other civic organizations.

Corn Canning to Start
Frederick, Md., Aug. 7 (Sp.).—Packing of the 1945 sugar corn crop will get underway in Frederick County this week operations in full swing by next Monday or Tuesday, canners said today. A bumper yield may be forthcoming if showers cease and the sun shines for about a week, processors declared.

PERSONALLY Speaking by BING CROSBY

See "THE GREAT JOHN L." a Bing Crosby Production

1—"I USED to be just plain old Bing Crosby. Then our four little shavers gave me Personna Blades. Now...

2—"I'M BING Crosby Personna-Bladed, and the tykes tell me that life with father is smoother than ever!"

HERE'S WHY PERSONNA Blades give you luxury shaves:

1—Made from premium steel.

2—Hollow-ground for keenness.

3—Rust-resistant for longer use.

Personna, 599 Mad. Ave., N.Y.C. 22

Precision Blades 10 for \$1

3—MEN! Try super-sharp Personna for slicker, quicker shaves, and you'll probably sing like Bing!

PERSONNA

Precision Blades 10 for \$1

PERSONNA

Precision Blades 10 for \$1

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The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

Just after the German armistice, Truman's war advisers drew up a set of rules for the governing of occupied Germany. Embodying the hopes of mankind to keep Germany from ever again waging war, it was one of the most carefully prepared documents ever placed before any President.

After being ok'd by Truman it was sent to General Eisenhower, and plans were made by Assistant Secretary of State Clayton and other interested agencies to publish it. President Truman also gave his ok for publication.

However, something happened. Cables were quickly exchanged between Washington and SHAEF and the order for governing Germany, then known as JCS 1067 (Joint chiefs of staff order number 1067), was withheld from publication.

Other Government officials who favored publication were concerned that the "soft peace" clique inside the War Department and their big business friends were sabotaging the or-

der. The clique believes Germany must be built up as a buffer state against Russia. Many United States industrialists with factories in Germany and friends inside the War Department are also anxious for a prosperous Germany. And an order which is not published is not always carried out.

So JCS 1067 was withheld from the public. Actually it still remains President Truman's official order to General Eisenhower. But with the order secret, officers and men supposed to govern occupied Germany do not have a full blueprint of how Germany shall be occupied.

Yet France, Belgium, Czechoslovakia now complain that Germany is prosperous while they are suffering. Meanwhile, Gen. Wade Haislep and Robert W. Grow, just back from Berlin testify to the quick recovery and general prosperity of Germany.

Believing therefore that one of our chief objectives is to prevent Germany from ever again plunging the world into war; and believing this depends on our present and future treatment of Germany; finally believing that every American contributing to the war is entitled to know the exact blueprint for governing Germany and how it is being carried out, this column hereby publishes the essential portions of that blueprint—JCS 1067. Since the order is long, space forbids complete publication. But the essential portions follow in this and a future column.

A Conquered Nation

"Basic objectives of military government in Germany."

"A"—It should be brought home to the Germans that Germany's ruthless warfare and the fanatical Nazi resistance have destroyed the German economy and made chaos and suffering inevitable and that the Germans cannot escape responsibility for what they have brought upon themselves.

"B"—Germany will not be occupied for the purpose of liberation but as a defeated enemy nation. Your aim is not oppression but to occupy Germany for the purpose of realizing certain important allied objectives. In the conduct of your occupation and administration you should be just, but firm and aloof. You will strongly discourage fraternization with the German officials and population.

"C"—The principal allied objective is to prevent Germany from ever again becoming a threat to the peace of the world. Essential steps in the accomplishment of this objective are the elimination of nazism and militarism in all their forms, the immediate apprehension of war criminals for punishment, the industrial disarmament and demilitarization of Germany, with continuing control over Germany's capacity to make war and the preparation for an eventual reconstruction of German political life on a democratic basis.

Denazification

"A"—Proclamation dissolving Nazi Party, its formations, affiliated associations and supervised organizations and all Nazi public institutions which were set up as instruments of party domination, and prohibiting their revival in any form, should be promulgated by the control council. You will assure the prompt effectuation of that policy in your zone and will make every effort to prevent the reconstitution of any such organization in underground, disguised, or secret form.

"B"—The laws purporting to establish the political structure of national socialism and the basis of the Hitler regime and all laws, decrees and regulations which establish discriminations on grounds of race, nationality, creed or political opinions should be abrogated by the control council. You will render them inoperative in your zone.

"C"—All members of the Nazi Party who have been more than nominal participants in its activities, all active supporters of nazism or militarism, and all other persons hostile to Allied purposes will be removed and excluded from public office and

Grin and Bear It



"Well, I'm not happy about getting new cars soon—you'll just start screaming again about smashed fenders!"

from positions of importance in quasi-public and private enterprises (Nazi officials are still functioning in some areas.)

"D"—Property, real and personal, owned or controlled by the Nazi Party, its formations, affiliated associations and supervised organizations, and by all persons subject to arrest, and found within your zone, will be taken under your control pending a decision by the control council or higher authority as to its eventual disposition.

Nazi Books to Be Seized

"E"—All archives, monuments and museums of Nazi inception, or which are devoted to the perpetuation of German militarism, will be taken under your control and their properties held pending decision as to their disposition by the control council.

"F"—You will make special efforts to preserve from destruction and take under your control records, plans, books, documents, papers, files and scientific, industrial, and other information and data belonging to or controlled by the following:

(1) The central German government and its subdivisions, German military organizations, organizations engaged in military research and such other governmental agencies as may be deemed advisable.

(2) The Nazi Party, its formations, affiliated associations and supervised organizations.

(3) All police organizations, including security and political police.

(4) Important economic organizations and industrial establishments including those controlled by the Nazi Party or its personnel.

(5) Institutes and special bureaus devoting themselves to

By Lichty

serve corps and military academies, together with all associations which might serve to keep alive the military tradition in Germany.

"C"—You will seize or destroy all arms, ammunition and implements of war and stop the production thereof.

"D"—You will take proper steps to destroy the German war potentials, as set forth elsewhere in this directive.

Suspected War Criminals And Security Arrests

"A"—You will search out, arrest and hold pending receipt by you of further instructions as to their disposition, Adolf Hitler, his chief Nazi associates, other war criminals and other persons who have participated in planning or carrying out Nazi enterprises involving or resulting in atrocities or war crimes.

"B"—All persons who, if permitted to remain at large, would endanger the accomplishment of your objectives will also be arrested and held in custody until trial by an appropriate semi-judicial body to be established by you.

Political Activities

"A"—No political activities of any kind shall be countenanced unless authorized by you. You will assure that your military government does not become committed to any political group.

"B"—You will prohibit the

propagation in any form of Nazi, militaristic or pan-German doctrines.

"C"—No German parades, military or political, civilian or sports shall be permitted by you.

German Courts

"A"—All extraordinary courts including the volksgerichtshof (people's court) and the sondergerichte (special courts) and all courts and tribunals of the Nazi Party and of its formations, affiliated associations and supervised organizations will be abolished immediately.

Another instalment of the blueprint for governing Germans will follow shortly. (Copyright, 1945, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

No Congressional Aspirations, Says Sergt. Wiedorfer

By the Associated Press

S/Sergt. Paul J. Wiedorfer of Baltimore, only living Marylander to receive the Congressional Medal of Honor in World War II, wants it known that he is not a candidate for Democratic Representative D'Alessandro's congressional seat and that he had no congressional aspirations.

Referring to a proposal by an anonymous group of Democrats that he run for United States rep-

MANY NEVER SUSPECT CAUSE OF BACKACHES

This Old Treatment Often Brings Happy Relief

Many sufferers relieve nagging backache quickly, once they discover that the real cause of their trouble may be tired kidneys. The kidneys are Nature's chief way of taking the excess acids and waste out of the blood. They help most people pass about 2 pints a day. When disorder of kidney function permits poisonous matter to remain in your blood, it may cause nagging backache, rheumatic pains, leg pains, loss of pep and energy, sitting up nights, swelling, puffiness under the eyes, headaches and dizziness. Frequent or scanty passages with aching and burning sometimes shows there is something wrong with your kidneys or bladder. Don't wait! Ask your druggist for Doan's Pills, a stimulant diuretic, used successfully by millions for over 40 years. Doan's gives happy relief and will help the 18 miles of kidney tubes flush out poisonous waste from your blood. Get Doan's Pills.

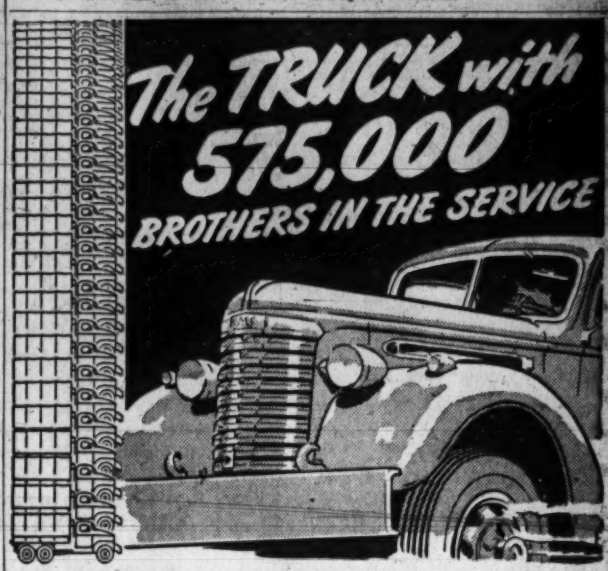
THE WASHINGTON POST

Wednesday, August 8, 1945

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representative next June, Wiedorfer said: "I wish to emphasize that I have done everything possible to make it clear that I do not intend to cash in in any way on the high honor I have received. . . . I am a friend of Mr. D'Alessan-

dro. I do not intend to be a candidate against him in the congressional elections. . . . Nobody has spoken to me about any candidacy. The medal winner is in Walter Reed Hospital for treatment of shrapnel wounds.

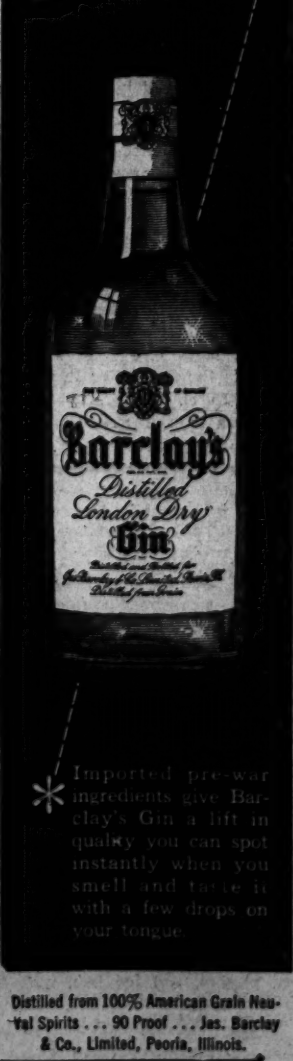
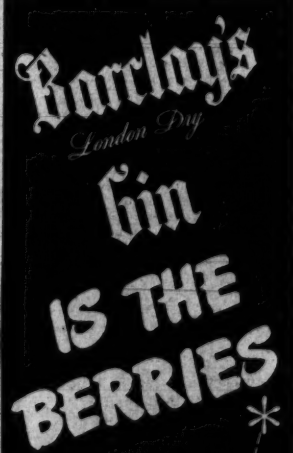


The GMC commercial truck furnishes fighting-front power for home-front hauling. Into its construction goes all of GMC's engineering experience as a leading producer of military trucks for the Armed Forces. Its power plant is of the same basic design as the GMC "270"—the Army "Work-horse" engine. A new GMC will pay you dividends through round-the-clock performance and economy. It will also pay you to pay our Service Station a visit for GMC's time-tested, truck-saving Preventive Maintenance Service.

YMAC Time Payment Plan Assures You of the Lowest Available Rates

GMC TRUCK & COACH DIVISION

General Motors Corporation
30 M Street N.E. — WASHINGTON — Phone: ME. 0505
FALLS CHURCH GARAGE LENOX MOTOR CO.
Falls Church, Va. Phone 2300 Hyattsville, Md. Warfield 1690
CENTRAL MOTOR CO. MARYLAND MOTORS, Inc.
Arlington, Va. Chestnut 7000 Rockville, Md. Phone 522



The name of Mount Vernon has been known and respected wherever whiskey is served — here and abroad.

Now this famous whiskey comes to you with the same great character, but with a new mildness to heighten its appeal.

Old friends of Mount Vernon have welcomed its new mildness. Many have said that they like it better than ever before.

It's certainly worth watching for. One try will show you why.

Mount Vernon

BRAND

86.8 Proof—40% Grain Neutral Spirits

NATIONAL DISTILLERS' PRODUCTS CORPORATION, NEW YORK

Names Of Additional Troops Arriving In U. S. From Europe

(These names were telegraphed directly to The Washington Post by the Associated Press. There is no assurance that the list is correct, because it was compiled in Europe previous to embarkation, but officials said that the margin of error is slight. Relatives should not contact the port or The Washington Post for further information.)

New York, Aug. 7.—The following arrived aboard the SS Sea Pike yesterday:

VIRGINIA

Holmes, Corp. Richard, Meridithville.
Middlemarch, Corp. Ben, South Hill.
Crews, T/5 Joseph, Scottsburg.
Edmonds, Pfc. George C., Albemarle.
Tyman, Pfc. Tolisher, Orangeville.
Christie, Pvt. Robert F., Halifax.
Franklin, Pfc. George, Emporia.
Humes, Pvt. Moses N., Virginia Beach.
Jones, Pvt. Timothy, Newport News.
Jones, Pvt. Robert C., Chase City.
Nolan, Pvt. Thomas C., Richmond.
Wart, Pvt. Michael W., Greenbush.

Wigington, Pvt. Joseph L., Fredericksburg.
Smith, Pvt. French, Jr., Williamsburg.
Jones, First Lieut. Charles R., Richmond.
Hollins, Sgt. Earhart M., Harrisonburg.
Vessels, T/4 Lee, Upshaw P. O., King Williams.
Figgins, T/5 George W., Radcliff.
Johnson, T/5 Harold L., Richmond.
Richardson, T/5 Romeo W., Richmond.
Upshur, T/5 Richard C., Massawood.
Clark, Pfc. Charles D., Danville.
Eldridge, Pfc. Herbert L., Richmond.
Jones, Pfc. Charles S., Bristol.
Stokes, Pfc. Charlie L., Greenbush.

Elliott, Pvt. Lloyd C., Franklin.
McDowell, Pvt. Aaron, Hampton.
Hoffler, Pvt. Percy, Norfolk.
Nolan, Pvt. Mond, Woolwine.
Taylor, Pvt. Thomas H., Richmond.
Hughes, T/5 John A., Arvonnia.
Summons, T/5 John M., Washington.
Racks, Pvt. Thomas, Richmond.
Lewis, Corp. John, Norfolk.
Martin, Corp. John R., Roanoke.
White, Corp. Willie, Richmond.
Davis, Pfc. Isaiah, Covington.
Debraux, Pfc. Erman A., Norfolk.
Ferguson, Pfc. Ruben B., 622 S. Wash st., Alexandria.
Walker, Pfc. Roosevelt, Richmond.
Washington, Pfc. Howard S., Parkley.

Williamson, Pfc. McCoy, Carson.
Tuck, Pfc. Robert L., Virginia.
Peace Sgt. Thomas H., Richmond.
Akers, Pfc. Roley C., Radford.
Anderson, Pfc. Robert K., Mattox.
Ayers, Pfc. Andrew F., Colliersville.
Black, Pfc. Charles C., Vancey Mills.
Chandler, Pfc. Albro F., Keller.
Dannell, Pfc. Danny R., Hill.
Finley, Pfc. William F., White Top.
Whitener, Pfc. Arthur L., Portsmouth.
Brook, Pvt. Elmer W., Norton.
Byard, Pvt. John R., Richmond.
Cutlip, Pvt. Clifford G., Richmond.
Gardner, Pvt. Charles W., Clyndon.
Hensley, Pvt. Fred C., Hilton.
Mills, Pvt. Irvin F., 3708 8th St., Arlington.

Howell, Pfc. Claude M., Willis.
Jones, Pfc. Marvin F., Onley.
Lester, Pfc. James T., Pulaski.
Mullen, Pfc. Thomas J., Roanoke.
Prillman, Pfc. Earnest M., Henry.
Ragland, Pfc. Alfred G., Pemberton.
Stevenson, Pfc. William, Portsmouth.
Thorpe, Pfc. Calvin, Alexandria.
Myers, Pvt. Floyd V., Boonsboro.
Shipley, Pvt. Robert A., Brandville.
Williams, Pvt. Dean M., Cordova.
Purnell, Pvt. George E., Berlin.
Moore, Robert R., Elkton.
Jones, Pfc. Wilmer H., Mechanicsville.
Smith, Pfc. John M., Callaway.
Clemmons, Pfc. Eddie, Annapolis.
Boose, Pfc. Merrill Y., Cambridge.
Weaver, Pfc. Leonard E., Hagerstown.
Brough, Pvt. David C., Hyattsville.
Frantz, Pvt. John M., Cockeysville.
Gipe, Pvt. Nelson B., Hagerstown.
Lotman, Pfc. Winfield, Northeast.
Pink, Pfc. Wallace L., Cambridge.
Fruitt, Pfc. Grady L., Bel Air.

(Names of Washington men aboard the Sea Pike were carried in late editions of The Post yesterday.)

Arrivals on Mormacport
New York City, Aug. 7.—Arrivals aboard the Mormacport here today:

VIRGINIA
Eddy, Capt. John H., Roanoke.
Head, First Lieut. Stuart F., Charlottesville.
Ashby, Sgt. Estel H., Marshall.
Devault, T/5 Frank B., Lawrenceville.
Clendenen, Pfc. Wilbur, Falls Mills.
Cochran, Pfc. Arch B., Route 1, Pounding Mills.
Herrick, Pfc. William A., sr., Norfolk.
Lawson, Pfc. Virgil C., Austinville.
Merchant, Pfc. Walter O., Massassas.
Stroud, Pfc. Eugene C., Richmond.
Trammell, Pfc. Albert L., Keyville.
Culbertson, Pfc. Arnold, Nickelsville.

Farrell, Capt. H. Jr., Goochland.
Belote, Pfc. Richard L., Norfolk.
Fox, Pfc. Carl C., Staunton.
Huddins, Pfc. Joseph J., Grafton.
Robertson, Pfc. Walter R., Winchester.
Underwood, Pfc. Clyde C., Roanoke.
Hurley, Pfc. Charles E., Gore.
Puffenberger, Pvt. George W., Head Waters.
Powrosnik, T/Serpt. Martin J., Roadsville.
Keel, Staff Sgt. Jarvis A., sr., Richmond.
Dunn, T/4, Roanoke.
Potts, T/5 Jack C., Arlington.
Clark, Pfc. Robert W. S., Boston.
Cling, Pfc. Jay J., Kingmont.
Eagle, Pfc. Henry C., McDowell.
Fields, Pfc. James R., Cedarbluff.
Hinman, Pfc. Woodrow, Eastville Station.
Beatty, Pfc. Wm. A., Gonyon.
Bowers, Pfc. Glenville H., Floyd.
Bridge, Pfc. Reginald G. T., Lyndhurst.

Coleman, Pfc. John W., Danville.
Crump, Pfc. Charles R., Richmond.
Sarger, Pfc. Dennis, Schoolfield.
Hemphill, Pfc. James R., Lynchburg.
Horne, Pfc. Woodrow W., Coeburn.
Johnson, Pfc. John E., Broadford.
Manring, Pfc. Richard W., Bassett.
Mitchell, Pfc. Lawrence E., 2d, Bradford.
Moore, Pfc. Evans J., Indian Valley.
Moss, Pfc. Robert A., jr., Richmond.
Smith, Pfc. Carl E., South Hill.
Wright, Pfc. Charles R., Bland.
Craun, Pfc. Robert L., Waynesboro.
Hicks, Pvt. Thomas J., Radiant.
Hoffman, Pvt. William, Brightwood.
Hoy, Pvt. Aubrey J., Waynesboro.
Huffman, Pvt. William W., Portsmouth.
Gautier, Pvt. Melvin T., Suffolk.
Kirby, Pvt. Ancil N., Marion.
Harger, Pfc. Dennis M., Schoolfield.

Arrivals at Norfolk
Norfolk, Va., Aug. 7.—Arrivals aboard the SS West Brooke Victory due here today:

WASHINGTON, D. C.
Burnett, First Lieut. Henry, Washington.
McAlister, Second Lieut. Edward, 11 S. st. nw.
Martin, Corp. Norris R., 4713 Sultland rd.
Hoffman, T/4 Nicholas, 636 F. st. Gruber, Pfc. Robert H., 1434 Shepherd.
Ruane, T/Serpt. Robert F., 1820 Clydesdale pl.
Cohen, Pfc. Irving, 517 Park rd.
Riddle, Pfc. Roy J., 333 C. st. se. Tillet, Pfc. Robert N., 1514 19th st. se.
Burrell, Sgt. John, 1400 18th st. DeLeonibus, Pfc. Albert, 6th st. Gruber, Pfc. Grady R., 207 6th st. ne.
Holbrook, S/Serpt. William M., 5538 Nevada ave.

MARYLAND
Custer, Capt. Franklin D., Mount Lake Park.
Lewis, First Lieut. Henry W., 8357 Colesville, Silver Spring.
Reilly, T/5 John, Randallstown.
Andrews, Pfc. James E., Indian Head.
Owens, Pfc. Emery C., Annapolis.
Bauer, Pfc. Richard E., Hyattsville.
Evans, Pfc. Harry, Jr., Woodbine.
King, T/5 Denver M., Kitzmiller.
Mumia, T/5 Hershey E., Hagerstown.
Kline, Pfc. Lester A., Williamsport.
Kuchta, Pfc. Frank J., Essex.
Arldinger, Pfc. Don E., Williamsport.
Pickrel, Sgt. Elmer T., Accokeek.
Park, Pfc. Robert A., Cumberland.
Coffin, Pfc. Theodore R., Berlin.
Crosby, Pfc. Norman, North East.
Rastinski, Pvt. Walter A., Baltimore.
Blake, Pvt. Joseph A., Mount Savage.
McKenzie, Pfc. James K., Frostburg.
Knight, Pfc. Robert C., Narrow Park Cumberland.
Shoemaker, Pfc. Melin, Hancock.

VIRGINIA
Fransnaugh, Lieut. 2/c Lewis E., Sparta.
Wheeler, Corp. Russell E., Narrows.
Walters, Pfc. Charles, jr., 827 Elm ave., South Roanoke.
Watterton, Pfc. Harold, Hampton.
Bricker, Pfc. Otto J., Harrisonburg.
Daniel, Pfc. Harry N., Shelby.
Fields, Pfc. Fred O., Dunbar.
Wooman, T/4 Thomas E., Jamesville.
Suthpin, T/5 James E., Millsville.
Baxter, Corp. Oscar F., Norfolk.
Hughes, Pfc. Charlie F., Pulaski.
Jackson, Pfc. William S., Leesburg.
Price, T/5 Wesley W., Portsmouth.
Alderson, Pfc. James M., Danville.
Carter, Pfc. Benjamin L., Richmond.
Glass, Pfc. Richard T., South Boston.
Apple, Pfc. Jesse A., jr., Richmond.
Oliver, S/Serpt. Wayne J., Giles County, Newport.
Satterfield, Pfc. Thomas M., South Boston.
Deterville, Pfc. John L., Richmond.
Gentry, Pfc. John E.
Happer, Pfc. Arthur D., Crabbottom.
Ramsay, Pfc. Lacy B., Staunton.
Thomas, Pfc. Walter C., Charlottesville.
Burnett, S/Serpt. Mansford D., Waynesboro.
Nauseef, T/3 James, Petersburg.
Goad, Pfc. Donnot, Hillsville.
Short, Pfc. Russell F., Nathalie.
Welch, Pfc. George, jr., Massassas.
Blevins, Pfc. Femon N., Connaburg.

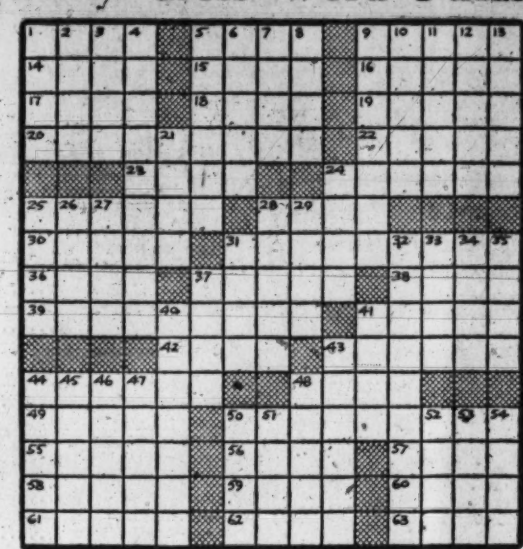
Arrivals at Norfolk
Norfolk, Va., Aug. 7.—Arrivals aboard the SS West Brooke Victory due here today:

WASHINGTON, D. C.
Burnett, First Lieut. Henry, Washington.
McAlister, Second Lieut. Edward, 11 S. st. nw.
Martin, Corp. Norris R., 4713 Sultland rd.
Hoffman, T/4 Nicholas, 636 F. st. Gruber, Pfc. Robert H., 1434 Shepherd.
Ruane, T/Serpt. Robert F., 1820 Clydesdale pl.
Cohen, Pfc. Irving, 517 Park rd.
Riddle, Pfc. Roy J., 333 C. st. se. Tillet, Pfc. Robert N., 1514 19th st. se.
Burrell, Sgt. John, 1400 18th st. DeLeonibus, Pfc. Albert, 6th st. Gruber, Pfc. Grady R., 207 6th st. ne.
Holbrook, S/Serpt. William M., 5538 Nevada ave.

MARYLAND
Custer, Capt. Franklin D., Mount Lake Park.
Lewis, First Lieut. Henry W., 8357 Colesville, Silver Spring.
Reilly, T/5 John, Randallstown.
Andrews, Pfc. James E., Indian Head.
Owens, Pfc. Emery C., Annapolis.
Bauer, Pfc. Richard E., Hyattsville.
Evans, Pfc. Harry, Jr., Woodbine.
King, T/5 Denver M., Kitzmiller.
Mumia, T/5 Hershey E., Hagerstown.
Kline, Pfc. Lester A., Williamsport.
Kuchta, Pfc. Frank J., Essex.
Arldinger, Pfc. Don E., Williamsport.
Pickrel, Sgt. Elmer T., Accokeek.
Park, Pfc. Robert A., Cumberland.
Coffin, Pfc. Theodore R., Berlin.
Crosby, Pfc. Norman, North East.
Rastinski, Pvt. Walter A., Baltimore.
Blake, Pvt. Joseph A., Mount Savage.
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Nauseef, T/3 James, Petersburg.
Goad, Pfc. Donnot, Hillsville.
Short, Pfc. Russell F., Nathalie.
Welch, Pfc. George, jr., Massassas.
Blevins, Pfc. Femon N., Connaburg.

Daily Cross Word Puzzle



ACROSS

1. Citrus fruit
2. Stepped
3. Laid
4. Clear
5. Bore
6. Mistake
7. Unusually
8. Toward the
9. Bullied side
10. Draw liquid
11. Traces; poet
12. Persecute
13. Ascertained
14. Quarrel
15. County farm
16. Likewise

DOWN

1. Young house
2. Affirm
3. Feminine came
4. Preconception
5. Copied
6. Vices; color
7. Baking chamber
8. Affluence
9. Bullied side
10. Window
11. Hail

CRANES DIMETER
HUMORED SCARINA
ABUTTED SPRINGS
RIBS DISSECTED
ACID METES WANE
DON DOZER SAGER
SPOOLS PERSECT
DAILY CROSSWORD
PUZZLE
TILLS ROSIN MAR
EROS SERIN NINE
WAR MINER RANIS
ATOMIZE SRODENT
RESALES NOMINAL
BROWER STARTLE

3700 District Workers Used On New Bomb

Into the making of the atomic bomb which blasted Hiroshima with devastating force Sunday went the efforts of more than 3700 Washington workers, Ernest V. Connally, Washington area director for the WMC, disclosed yesterday.

Beginning in November, 1943, the United States Employment Service offices here recruited skilled and semiskilled workers from the construction trades. The recruiting continued until October, 1944, when the labor complement in three plants engaged in manufacturing was completed, Connally stated.

The three plants are the Clinton Engineering Works of Knoxville, Tenn.; the Hanford Engineer Works near Pasco, Wash., and the New Mexico Project.

Contracts to 2 Firms

Another phase in Washington's contribution to the bomb's "birth" was the participation of two local firms which fulfilled subsidiary contracts for the Manhattan Engineering Co., secret name of the project's top development organization.

The firms were: The William E. Kingswell, Inc., located at 3707 Georgia ave. nw. and Mehring and Hanson Co., at 12th and H sts. ne. Connally revealed that the Kingswell Co. had been authorized by the WMC to raise its employment ceiling and move into a top priority when it had been given a "secret must" contract for the War Department. The secret contract provided a contribution to the atomic bomb's final assembly.

Guesse Fire Extinguishers

It was the Mehring & Hanson Co. employees who yesterday reported that "all they knew about the job was that it was important." Some of the employees had guessed that they were making fire extinguishers for B-29's.

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58,425 Left Mediterranean

Caserta, Italy, Aug. 7 (AP).—Some 58,425 soldiers and miscellaneous personnel were shipped from the Mediterranean theater by sea and air during July—the highest monthly total since the European war ended, redeployment officials said today.

The number of United States personnel still in the Mediterranean theater totals 369,838, as compared with 500,000 when hostilities ceased. Some 70,000 troops are scheduled to be shipped out during August.

The July redeployment total included 44,724 who returned home by sea and 13,701 by air.

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There's Something for Everyone in the POST

Volcanic Blast Only Force To Exceed Bomb's

By Peter Leary

Probably the second greatest explosion of matter in history, the violence of the blast of the atomic bomb at Hiroshima, was exceeded only by the volcanic blast of Krakatoa, an island in the Sunda Straits, near Java, which erupted in 1883, August 26 and 27.

This explosion, exhaustive study by scientists later determined, lifted a cubic mile of earth about 10 miles into the air. It destroyed an island of 18 square miles area, and lifted 17 miles into the earth's atmosphere a cloud of dust greater than any man had ever seen.

This dust cloud alone obscured the sun for months in Africa—2500 miles away; changed the color of the moon to most of the men

in Asia; and remained suspended around the earth for some six years. The 50-foot "tidal" wave raised by the shock circled the earth with intensity sufficient to be measured on tidal gauges four times. It drowned 36,000 persons as far as 150 miles away. The pumice, a light, porous volcanic rock which floats in water, cast upward by the explosion of the 2600-foot volcanic cone, was spread so widely on the Pacific and adjacent water is noted for six months in steamer lanes between Asiatic and African ports, and even in the Indian Ocean. The sound wave was heard 2250 miles away in Australia.

Cause of the eruption of Krakatoa still is debated by volcanologists and geologists generally. It is believed the central pipe or tube leading from subterranean lakes of molten rock became stoppered by cooling lava, and "blew out" with the most disastrous force the world has ever seen nature produce—without man's help.

It is conceivable that half a dozen or more atom bombs like the Hiroshima "football" might literally "scorch" the earth of Japan as the island of Krakatoa was scorched. The latter was studied for years by Dutch and other scientists, who believed it to be the nearest thing to scientifically sterile earth, devoid of all organic life, that has appeared, perhaps since the origin of the earth itself.

Luttrell Family Reunion Set Sunday

Winchester, Va., Aug. 7 (Sp.).—The twenty-fifth annual Luttrell Family Reunion will be held Sunday, August 12, at Shockeyville, Va. The gathering is one of the largest of its kind in this area. Principal speaker will be R. J. Luttrell of Alexandria, Va. Burrell Luttrell of Baltimore is chairman of the program committee.

Officers of the association are W. F. Luttrell, Winchester, president; Eppy Luttrell, Berkeley Springs, vice president, and Lloyd Luttrell, Martinsburg, secretary-treasurer.

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Staunton Plans to Fete Anderson at Picnic

Staunton, Va., Aug. 7 (AP).—Plans for the entertainment of Secretary of Agriculture Clinton Anderson at a countywide picnic here Saturday, August 25, were made at a meeting tonight in the county agent's office.

The picnic, to be held at Gypsy Hill Park, where Secretary Anderson will speak, is sponsored by the Augusta County Puritan Clubs.

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There's Something for Everyone in the POST

Chambers of Commerce of Waynesboro and Staunton, and other civic organizations.

Corn Canning to Start
Frederick, Md., Aug. 7 (Sp.).—Packing of the 1945 sugar corn crop will get underway in Frederick County this week operations in full swing by next Monday or Tuesday, canners said today. A bumper yield may be forthcoming—if showers cease and the sun shines for about a week, processors-declared.

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The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

Just after the German armistice, Truman's war advisers drew up a set of rules for the governing of occupied Germany. Embodying the hopes of mankind to keep Germany from ever again waging war, it was one of the most carefully prepared documents ever placed before any President.

After being ok'd by Truman it was sent to General Eisenhower, and plans were made by Assistant Secretary of State Clayton and other interested agencies to publish it. President Truman also gave his ok for publication.

However, something happened. Cables were quickly exchanged between Washington and SHAEF and the order for governing Germany, then known as JCS 1067 (Joint chiefs of staff order number 1067), was withheld from publication.

Other Government officials who favored publication were concerned that the "soft peace" clique inside the War Department and their big business friends were sabotaging the or-

der. The clique believes Germany must be built up as a buffer state against Russia. Many United States industrialists with factories in Germany and friends inside the War Department are also anxious for a prosperous Germany. And an order which is not published is not always carried out.

So JCS 1067 was withheld from the public. Actually it still remains President Truman's official order to General Eisenhower. But with the order secret, officers and men supposed to govern occupied Germany do not have a full blueprint of how Germany shall be occupied. For instance order 1067 specifies that Germany shall have no higher standard of living than her surrounding neighbors.

Yet France, Belgium, Czechoslovakia now complain that Germany is prosperous while they are suffering. Meanwhile, Gen. Wade Haislep and Robert W. Grow, just back from Berlin testify to the quick recovery and general prosperity of Germany.

Believing therefore that one of our chief objectives is to prevent Germany from ever again plunging the world into war; and believing this depends on our present and future treatment of Germany; finally believing that every American contributing to the war is entitled to know the exact blueprint for governing Germany and how it is being carried out, this column hereby publishes the essential portions of that blueprint—JCS 1067. Since the order is long, space forbids complete publication. But the essential portions follow in this and a future column.

A Conquered Nation

"Basic objectives of military government in Germany."

"A"—It should be brought home to the Germans that Germany's ruthless warfare and the fanatical Nazi resistance have destroyed the German economy and made chaos and suffering inevitable and that the Germans cannot escape responsibility for what they have brought upon themselves.

"B"—Germany will not be occupied for the purpose of liberation but as a defeated enemy nation. Your aim is not oppression but to occupy Germany for the purpose of realizing certain important allied objectives. In the conduct of your occupation and administration you should be just, but firm and aloof. You will strongly discourage fraternization with the German officials and population.

"C"—The principal allied objective is to prevent Germany from ever again becoming a threat to the peace of the world. Essential steps in the accomplishment of this objective are the elimination of nazism and militarism in all their forms, the immediate apprehension of war criminals for punishment, the industrial disarmament and demilitarization of Germany, with continuing control over Germany's capacity to make war and the preparation for an eventual reconstruction of German political life on a democratic basis."

Denazification

"A"—Proclamation dissolving Nazi Party, its formations, affiliated associations and supervised organizations and all Nazi public institutions which were set up as instruments of party domination, and prohibiting their revival in any form, should be promulgated by the control council. You will assure the prompt effectuation of that policy in your zone and will make every effort to prevent the reconstitution of any such organization in underground, disguised, or secret form.

"B"—The laws purporting to establish the political structure of national socialism and the basis of the Hitler regime and all laws, decrees and regulations which establish discriminations on grounds of race, nationality, creed or political opinions should be abrogated by the control council. You will render them inoperative in your zone.

"C"—All members of the Nazi Party who have been more than nominal participants in its activities, all active supporters of nazism or militarism, and all other persons hostile to Allied purposes will be removed and excluded from public office and

Grin and Bear It

By Lichty



"Well, I'm not happy about getting new cars soon—you'll just start screaming again about smashed fenders!"

from positions of importance in quasi-public and private enterprises (Nazi officials are still functioning in some areas.)

"D"—Property, real and personal, owned or controlled by the Nazi Party, its formations, affiliated associations and supervised organizations, and by all persons subject to arrest, and found within your zone, will be taken under your control pending a decision by the control council or higher authority as to its eventual disposition.

Nazi Books to Be Seized

"E"—All archives, monuments and museums of Nazi inception, or which are devoted to the perpetuation of German militarism, will be taken under your control and their properties held pending decision as to their disposition by the control council.

"F"—You will make special efforts to preserve from destruction and take under your control records, plans, books, documents, papers, files and scientific, industrial and other information and data belonging to or controlled by the following:

- (1) The central German government and its subdivisions, German military organizations, organizations engaged in military research and such other governmental agencies as may be deemed advisable.
- (2) The Nazi Party, its formations, affiliated associations and supervised organizations.
- (3) All police organizations, including security and political police.
- (4) Important economic organizations and industrial establishments including those controlled by the Nazi Party or its personnel.
- (5) Institutes and special bureaus devoting themselves to

serve corps and military academies, together with all associations which might serve to keep alive the military tradition in Germany.

"C"—You will seize or destroy all arms, ammunition and implements of war and stop the production thereof.

"D"—You will take proper steps to destroy the German war potentials, as set forth elsewhere in this directive.

Suspected War Criminals And Security Arrests

"A"—You will search out, arrest and hold pending receipt by you of further instructions as to their disposition, Adolf Hitler, his chief Nazi associates, other war criminals and other persons who have participated in planning or carrying out Nazi enterprises involving or resulting in atrocities or war crimes.

"B"—All persons who, if permitted to remain at large, would endanger the accomplishment of your objectives will also be arrested and held in custody until trial by an appropriate semi-judicial body to be established by you.

Political Activities

"A"—No political activities of any kind shall be countenanced unless authorized by you. You will assure that your military government does not become committed to any political group.

"B"—You will prohibit the

propagation in any form of Nazi, militaristic or pan-German doctrines.

"C"—No German parades, military or political, civilian or sports, shall be permitted by you.

German Courts

"A"—All extraordinary courts including the volksgerichtshof (people's court) and the sondergerichte (special courts) and all courts and tribunals of the Nazi Party and of its formations, affiliated associations and supervised organizations will be abolished immediately.

Another instalment of the blueprint for governing Germans will follow shortly. (Copyright, 1946, by the Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

No Congressional Aspirations, Says Sergt. Wiedorfer

By the Associated Press

S/Sergt. Paul J. Wiedorfer of Baltimore, only living Marylander to receive the Congressional Medal of Honor in World War II, wants it known that he is not a candidate for Democratic Representative D'Alessandro's congressional seat and that he had no congressional aspirations.

Referring to a proposal by an anonymous group of Democrats that he run for United States rep-

MANY NEVER SUSPECT CAUSE OF BACKACHES

This Old Treatment Often Brings Happy Relief

Many sufferers relieve nagging backache quickly, once they discover that the real cause of their trouble may be tired kidneys. The kidneys are Nature's chief way of taking the excess acids and waste out of the blood. When disorder of kidney function permits poisonous matter to remain in your blood, it may cause nagging backache, rheumatic pains, leg pains, loss of pep and energy, sitting up nights, swelling, puffiness under the eyes, headaches and dizziness. Frequent or scanty passages with smarting and burning sometimes shows there is something wrong with your kidneys or bladder.

Don't wait! Ask your druggist for Doan's Pills, a stimulant diuretic, used successfully by millions for over 40 years. Doan's gives happy relief and will help the 18 miles of kidney tubes flush out poisonous waste from your blood. Get Doan's Pills.

THE WASHINGTON POST

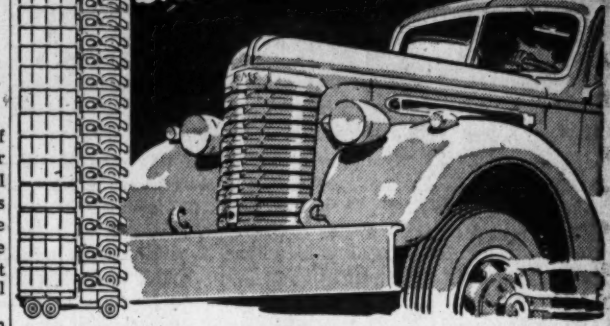
Wednesday, August 8, 1945

5

representative next June, Wiedorfer said: "I wish to emphasize that I have done everything possible to make it clear that I do not intend to cash in in any way on the high honor I have received. . . .

"I am a friend of Mr. D'Alessandro. I do not intend to be a candidate against him in the congressional elections. . . . Nobody has spoken to me about any candidacy. The medal winner is in Walter Reed Hospital for treatment of shrapnel wounds.

The TRUCK with 575,000 BROTHERS IN THE SERVICE



The GMC commercial truck furnishes fighting-front power for home-front hauling. Into its construction goes all of GMC's engineering experience as a leading producer of military trucks for the Armed Forces. Its power plant is of the same basic design as the GMC "270"—the Army "Work-horse" engine. A new GMC will pay you dividends through round-the-clock performance and economy. It will also pay you to pay our Service Station a visit for GMC's time-tested, truck-saving Preventive Maintenance Service.

YMAC Time Payment Plan Assures You of the Lowest Available Rates

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GMC THE TRUCK OF VALUE
★ GASOLINE • DIESEL

A Perfect INTRODUCTION TO DINNER
America's Finest
Pete Hagen's
MANHATTAN COCKTAILS
Master-Mixed... Perfectly Blended... Just Chill and Pour... Add no ice... Only \$2.42 4/5 qt.
Available at your neighborhood dealer or write
COPPER MORTON COMPANY
International Distributors Inc.
Distributors, Washington, D. C.

A PREMIUM BEER
BARBAROSSA
The Beer of Pleasant Memories
RED TOP BREWING CO., INC. (NAT. REGD.)
Barbarossa Distributing Co., Dist.
Phone: ADams 4215

FAMOUS FOR FRESHNESS!
Kellogg's
CORN FLAKES
"THE GRAINS ARE GREAT FOODS"
Kellogg
Kellogg's Corn Flakes bring you nearly all the protective food elements of the whole grain declared essential to human nutrition.

Barclay's
London Dry Gin
Gin IS THE BERRIES
Imported pre-war ingredients give Barclay's Gin a lift in quality you can spot instantly when you smell and taste it with a few drops on your tongue.
Distilled from 100% American Grain Neutral Spirits... 90 Proof... Jax Barclay & Co., Limited, Peoria, Illinois.

Clearly Milder
Mount Vernon
Brand
Rye Whiskey
A Blend
Blended by Bottled by
National Distillers Products Corp.
Baltimore, Md.

The name of Mount Vernon has been known and respected wherever whiskey is served — here and abroad.

Now this famous whiskey comes to you with the same great character, but with a new mildness to heighten its appeal.

Old friends of Mount Vernon have welcomed its new mildness. Many have said that they like it better than ever before.

It's certainly worth watching for. One try will show you why.

Mount Vernon

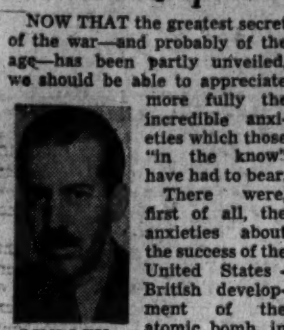
BRAND
86.8 Proof—49% Grain Neutral Spirits

NATIONAL DISTILLERS PRODUCTS CORPORATION, NEW YORK

The Atomic Bomb

By Ernest Lindley

Will Japan Surrender Now?



LINDLEY

NOW THAT the greatest secret of the war—and probably of the age—has been partly unveiled, we should be able to appreciate more fully the incredible anxiety which those "in the know" have had to bear.

There were, first of all, the anxieties about the success of the United States-British development of the atomic bomb, in which not only two billion dollars but three precious years were invested. At various points along the way, the scientists came to forks in the roads. There was no time to explore each fork. A decision had to be made to take one of them—if the atomic bomb was to be produced for use in this war. Not until that breath-taking moment on July 16 could it be said with finality that the venture was a success.

However, we did not need the atomic bomb to defeat Germany. Nor do we need it to defeat Japan—although it will certainly shorten the war, even if it does not bring about a prompt Japanese surrender. But if the Germans had had this bomb soon enough they surely would have conquered the world; and if they had had it a little later they might well have staved off defeat. The deepest anxiety of many men in high places, both here and in Great Britain was that the Germans would perfect and produce an atomic bomb in effective quantities.

IN 1939 and 1940 the Germans were in the forefront in splitting the uranium atom. It was feared that they were maintaining the pace. It was a lively fear in 1942 and 1943 and even in early 1944. Various countermeasures were taken. Mr. Churchill has reported on the two raids on the German heavy-water plant in Norway. The surprise bombing of the German experimental station at Peenemünde killed some of the leading German scientists—including probably a number who

had been working on the release of atomic energy as well as on the V-weapons. Other small points in Germany where it was thought work in connection with the superexplosive was going on were precisely and heavily bombed. Other countermeasures were prepared but not used. Concentration on the V-weapons absorbed a great deal of Germany's scientific and technical skill. These came very close to success, even without an atomic explosive to go inside them. But it was not until Germany was overrun that the Allies could be sure that the Germans could not put an atomic explosive to use, at least on a limited scale.

THE JAPANESE may have the benefit of the German experiments. But it is not believed that they have the scientists or technicians or productive resources to produce atomic bombs in the near future.

The immediate practical question about the atomic bomb is whether it will cause Japan to surrender. It should be noted that a large city was not chosen as the first target. The central target was a military depot. If the bomb had the impact expected of it, the metropolitan area nearby was probably badly damaged and partly destroyed. Unavoidably, civilians must have been killed and maimed, as they are in other bombing raids. Some at a greater distance may have been blinded.

The atomic bomb will not necessarily obviate an invasion of Japan. Japanese ground forces perhaps could find refuge in the mountains and fight for a time. But the atomic bomb will hasten the destruction of structures above ground. It gives the Japanese much less to surrender if they wish to avoid obliteration of their industries and cities.

The question of future social and political control of the atomic bomb, and all that may grow out of it, is the most awful facing the American and British governments and the world as a whole. It is "our" bomb now. But it won't be indefinitely.

The Gallup Poll

Truman Leadership Buys Democratic Party Strength

By George Gallup

Director American Institute of Public Opinion

Princeton, N. J., Aug. 7.—President Harry S. Truman's middle-of-the-road policies are beginning to find reflection in new strength for the Democratic Party.

On the basis of questioning among many thousands of persons in all parts of the country, the Institute finds a four point rise in Democratic Party strength as compared to either the November presidential election figures or to party strength figures published in May, shortly after President Truman took office.

The question used to gauge party strength is:

"If the presidential election were being held today, which party would you vote for—the Democratic or Republican?"

Here are the replies, with other figures for comparison:

Major Party Strength	Dem.	Rep.
November, 1944.....	54%	46%
May, 1945.....	54	46
Today.....	58	42

Twenty-three per cent included in the survey say they have no opinion on the question.

This is a measure of party

strength based upon a full voting population. It is not to be confused with congressional elections in which a smaller number of voters turn out—a fact which has aided the Republican Party in recent past elections.

There is little evidence in this survey of party shifting among the people who voted last November in the presidential elections. Those who say they voted for Roosevelt then are still overwhelmingly Democratic. Dewey voters remain for the most part loyal to the Republican Party.

The great part of the new-found Democratic Party strength today comes from people who say they did not vote in the last presidential election—people who were ineligible or did not get to the polls for one reason or another.

The increase in Democratic Party strength poses problems for Republican leaders, many of whom have been looking ahead optimistically to the 1946 congressional and the 1948 presidential elections. Democratic leaders have the job of retaining the new strength and of translating it in terms of ballots actually cast in favor of their candidates on election day, both in 1946 and 1948.

Washington Calling

By Marquis Childs

Playing With Atomic Fire

RELEASE at long last of the successful development of an atomic explosive is news that is literally earth-shaking.

This has been the most carefully guarded secret of the entire war. While a great deal of guessing went on, only three or four men really knew what was happening in two great war centers, one in Tennessee and one in the State of Washington.

When President Truman took the oath of office as President and Commander in Chief, he was told for the first time about the atomic project. Not even as chairman of the influential Senate War Investigating Committee was he taken into the secret.

For months the Office of Censorship has sent out warnings against even indirect references to the fact that we might be seeking such an explosive. It was forbidden even to hint that we were in a race with Germany and Japan to find such an explosive, although the enemy must surely have known that we were working desperately toward the same goal that their scientists were seeking.

Even toward the end of the European war our military leaders, including Gen. Dwight Eisenhower, did not discount the possibility that the Germans might get there first with mass production of this unprecedented new destructive force. I heard Eisenhower say a month before VE-Day that the Germans were beaten unless—and he made it clear he did not discount the possibility—they suddenly came out with a new weapon.

From time to time there were rumors that the Germans were about to come through with the atom-smashing explosive. Fantastic stories circulated as to the lengths to which the Allies went to checkmate this possibility.

ONE WAS that Allied agents were sent into Germany, knowing that almost certainly they could never come out alive, to kill 20 German scientists who were directing the Nazi atomic project in highly secret laboratories far below the earth's surface. The report is that the mission was successful.

Yes, it is fantastic. But in the time in which we live, with men struggling for possession of forces the full fury of which the cannot gauge, anything is credible.

Early last January, Senator Vandenberg of Michigan made a momentous speech on the floor of the Senate. He said that the nations of the world must co-operate or the human race would go down to destruction. He hinted of new weapons far more powerful than any that had been used up to that time. A similar warning came from Field Marshal Jan Smuts on the eve of the San Francisco Conference.

Well, here it is. This is the unveiling—that great pillar of smoke and fire towering over Hiroshima, or what was once Hiroshima. It is 2000 times more powerful than the 6-ton blockbuster which was the biggest blast up until now. That is a fact that most of us cannot even take in.

ATOMIC ENERGY knows neither friend nor foe. It is primeval force. It is a new beginning, a new world; or it is the end.

As President Truman suggested in his statement, its peace-time uses are infinite. That assumes that we can keep the

peace. It assumes that we have the maturity to look the facts in the face; to understand that we have no guarantee of perpetuity on this planet.

The secret is ours today. But such secrets do not keep. Russian science has made great strides during this war. In all probability, Soviet scientists are working along the same lines as did our men of science in harnessing the atom.

The sad thing is that with one part of our mind we are still slowly struggling out of the stone age. On the technical side, man has moved up into the twenty-first century with Buck Rogers and Flash Gordon.

Professional optimists, and often professional military men, will say smugly that each new weapon always develops a counter. That may have been true back in the days of the arquebus. But it is not true today. A fighter plane was developed to counter the bomber. Yet half the world is today in utter ruin.

That pillar of smoke above Hiroshima is a sign of warning to all the world. Mankind must now make a choice. There can be no more evasion.

General Ross Begins Duties At Ft. Belvoir

Brig. Gen. Lewis T. Ross, 49, native of Washington, has arrived at Fort Belvoir to assume his duties as deputy post commander after 2½ years in the Far East. He went overseas in January, 1943, serving as chief engineer at headquarters of the United States Army forces in the Far East until January, 1944, when he was appointed chief engineer for Services of Supply in the southwest Pacific area.

From January of last year until March of this year, General Ross' headquarters was at Tacloban on Leyte in the Philippines. The office was transferred to Manila and in April General Ross was hospitalized and evacuated to the United States. After treatment at Letterman General Hospital in California he received further treatment at Walter Reed General Hospital in Washington until his release on July 14.

General Ross was graduated from the United States Military Academy at West Point, N. Y., in

Off the Record

By Ed Reed



1918 and completed the Engineer School course in 1921 at old Fort Humphrey's since renamed Fort Belvoir. As an Engineer officer he served at various posts in this country and had foreign service at Corozal, Canal Zone, and at Honolulu from 1937 to 1939 where he had charge of hired labor on sea-coast defense work and became acting district engineer.

In the office of the Chief of Engineers in Washington until he left for overseas, he was chief of the railway section of the troops division.

Robert Mooney, Negro, 45, 1417 6th st. nw., died after falling from a roof on the second floor of 1305 9th st. nw., police report. Police say Mooney had been at a party at the 9th st. address, had gone out on the roof for fresh air and apparently had lost his balance and fallen.

Detective Sgt. Dewey Guest of the Police Department's check and fraud squad suffered a compound fracture of a finger Sunday while changing a tire at his home, 1708 61st ave., Cheverly, Md.

Rickenbacker Sees Air Power Beating Japan

New York, Aug. 7 (AP).—Capt. Edward V. Rickenbacker expressed the opinion today that Japan can be defeated by air power alone.

The World War I ace and Eastern Airlines president said in a statement:

"I believe that in a very short time the Japanese people and industry will be so demoralized and battered by the daily ration of atomic, demolition and incendiary bombs that they will cry quits."

"It is my firm belief that this is the first war which will be won exclusively by air power, notwithstanding all experts' feelings that we will have to land troops on the home islands themselves."

"Of course," Rickenbacker added, "this is in no way intended to disparage the magnificent effort and achievements of our ground forces and the United States Navy."

I do feel very strongly, however, that bombings such as I have mentioned will materially speed up the successful end of the war and will result in the saving of countless American soldiers' lives.

WHY SCRUB KITCHEN FLOORS SO OFTEN?

Keep Linoleum Clean Longer With WILBERT'S "NO-RUB" FLOOR WAX!

Good news for homemakers of Washington and vicinity! You don't have to scrub kitchen linoleum so often! After washing the floor, simply wipe on WILBERT'S "NO-RUB" FLOOR WAX. No rubbing—no buffing! And just see how that linoleum stays clean and bright.

Only imported Carnauba Wax is used in WILBERT'S. It's one of the hardest waxes used! Hence, WILBERT'S "NO-RUB" FLOOR WAX gives kitchen linoleum a beautiful finish that helps resist wear.

At our expense—try it! Send a postcard to WILBERT'S, Department W-2, 805 East 139th Street, New York 54, N. Y., and we'll send you, postpaid, enough WILBERT'S "NO-RUB" FLOOR WAX to prove every claim we make! Rush postcard today.

"No-Rub" is the registered trade mark of WILBERT PRODUCTS CO.



Have you tried Wheaties lately? There's mighty important eating in those crisp-toasted whole wheat flakes. So go get 'em. Catch on to champion nourishment, winning flavor. Have a man-sized bowlful of milk, fruit, and Wheaties, "Breakfast of Champions"—tomorrow and every morning.



All set to enjoy the good-natured whiskey that's "Cheerful as its Name"

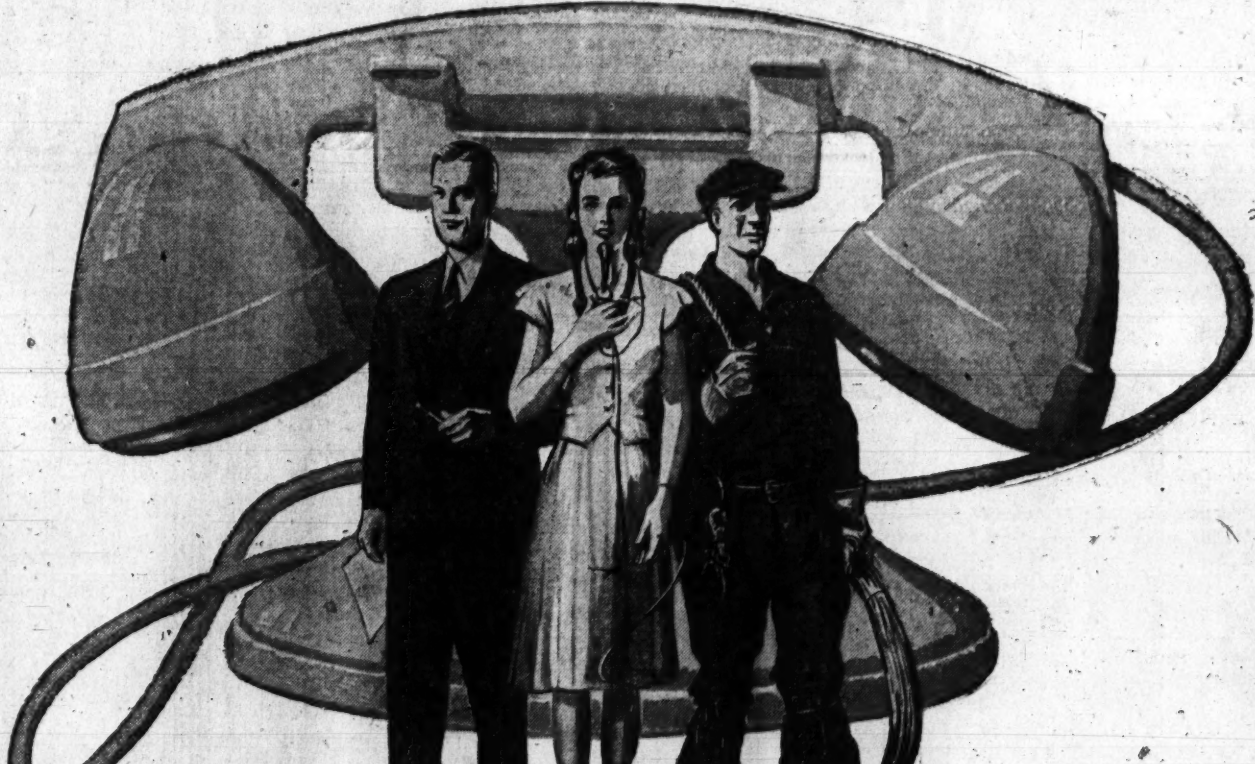


Just as good-natured men make life more pleasant, so does this good-natured whiskey—the whiskey with the sunny disposition. By its wonderful bourbon taste you will know its deep-down goodness—so mellow, so kindly, so delightful!

OLD SUNNY BROOK

Buy More War Bonds!

NATIONAL DISTILLERS PROD. CORP., N. Y. • BOURBON WHISKEY—A BLEND • 85.8 PROOF • 49% GRAIN NEUTRAL SPIRITS



Some Day

Some day we'll be able to say, as we used to before the war, "Your telephone will be installed promptly" or "You'll need an extension or two, won't you?" or "We'll move that telephone to your new address tomorrow."

Some day, but not soon. It is true that wartime restrictions have been lifted on the manufacture of certain types of telephone equipment, but as long as the war in the Pacific goes on, mountains of communications equipment will be needed by the fighting forces, and telephone manufacturers must continue to supply their needs. Until all these needs have

been supplied, the manufacturers will simply be unable to return to large-scale production for civilian use.

Even when we can get all the equipment we need, wholesale enlargement of our plant will have to be made before we can give service to all the people who are applying for it.

To those who are waiting we say—thanks for your patience and understanding. None will be happier than we when that "some day" comes—when we can again furnish everybody with all the service he needs.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY
Bell System



POST WANT-ADS PAY

Md. Council Plans Two-Field Parley

Baltimore, Aug. 7 (AP).—The Legislative Council will hold a double session tomorrow, the first part dealing with Maryland's divorce laws and the afternoon meeting devoted to the State's unemployment compensation legislation.

Several judges and attorneys are expected to appear before the council, Dr. Horace Flack, secretary of the group, said.

The hearing on Maryland's unemployment compensation system was requested by the State Congress of Industrial Organization, Sidney Katz, secretary-treasurer of the Maryland-District of Columbia Industrial Council (CIO), declared.

It's Delicious!

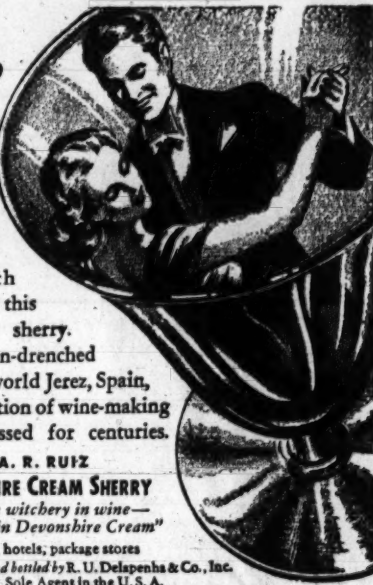
Make tea as usual, but double strength to allow for melting ice. While still hot, pour into glasses filled with cracked ice. . . Add sugar and lemon to taste.

"SALADA" ICED TEA

Discover the "Witchery" IN IMPORTED SHERRY

There's sheer enchantment in each clear, golden sip of this magnificent, soft sherry. Product of the sun-drenched vineyards of old-world Jerez, Spain, it is the culmination of wine-making skill unsurpassed for centuries.

A. R. RUIZ
DEVONSHIRE CREAM SHERRY
"There's witchery in wine—wizardry in Devonshire Cream!"
At bars, hotels, package stores
Imported and bottled by R. U. Delapenha & Co., Inc.
Sole Agent in the U. S. A.
57 Light Street, New York 13, N. Y.



'Life With Father' Runs On At The National

The closest approximation Washington has seen of the "command performance" of "Life With Father" by the original Broadway cast when the play was new, was run off in the National Theater last night by another able group of players, headed by Carl Benton Reid, in the title role, and Betty Linley, as his adoring and adored wife, Vinnie.

The more one contemplates this Howard Lindsay-Russell Crouse dramatization of the junior Clarence Day's chronicle of family experiences under the rugged individualism of his paternal ancestor, the less surprising it seems that in its sixth year it should be creeping up steadily on the theater's all-time, long-run record.

At one time or another during the progress of its three acts and multiple scenes laid in the living room of the Day mansion in the New York of an earlier era, some responsive chord must be struck in the memories of every spectator. The universality of appeal that springs from this common touch—even though Clarence Day, sr., was a most uncommon man—has always been the fertile soil in which enduring drama has taken root.

An Amiable Autocrat

In essence, if not in time and place, "Life With Father" is undated. It will be as substantial and amusing and moving a comedy 6 or 80 years from now as it is in the present 60 years of its overwhelming success among the marquee plays of the contemporary stage.

In the lusty episodes that comprise the daily routine in the household presided over by the noisiest, kindest and most contradictory of autocrats are to be found a deft blending of humor, gentleness, pride and a will of iron that could be twisted around the little finger of the understanding wife and mother who took her family and their problems and idiosyncrasies in stride.

The family concerns that form the body and the buoyance of the three acts spread themselves over a wide catalogue—the ebullience of youth, variously manifested in the natures of the three Day sons; the servant problem, aggravated by the bark, but never injured by the bite, of the head of the house; the eldest son's first encounter with the "grand passion"; the annoying business of the household accounts, and, above all, father's antipathy to the churchly rite of baptism until the critical illness of his beloved wife dissolves his blustering bravado into meek submission.

An Irresistible Vinnie

Through all of this, the dominant figure is the paterfamilias, with the free-wheeling awareness of all that goes on in the world and a vast willingness to shape it to the pattern of his own thought.

This role is roundly and robustly played—but never to the point of caricature or at the cost of any loss of dignity—by Carl Benton Reid, who, next to Howard Lindsay himself, is the most combustible and most convincing Clarence Day, pere, the Capital has

seen. In addition to its vast store of stentorian comedy, Mr. Reid gives the character stature and strength.

To an equal if not greater degree, Betty Linley, with a keen comedy sense and a wistful charm, often reminding of the elfin spirit of Billie Burke, provides a perfect foil for the amiable irascibility of the lord of whom she is master.

The three sons, Clarence, John and Whitney, are impersonated with suitable contrasts of temperaments and inclinations by Charles Wright, John Reynolds and David Demarest, with first honors falling to the youthful Mr. Wright by virtue of the greater opportunities equitably falling to the "heir apparent." His scenes of adolescent courtship of Cathy O'Donnell, the unwelcome visitor in his father's house, and those in which his pater endeavors to communicate a little general wisdom with regard to the peculiarities of the gentler gender, are among the most amusing in the play.

Hale Norcross, in the role of the Rev. Dr. Lloyd, is sufficiently effective to give point, but not offense, to the senior Day's objection to churchly ceremonials, and Priscilla Towers is an adequate Cousin Cora, under whose chaparrone Mary unwittingly invades the lion's den.

Those in the lesser parts contribute their mites to the vast fund of the evening's entertainment. The single setting has been handsomely executed by Stewart Chaney and Bretaigine Windust's direction leaves no comic, poignant or dramatic trick unexplored.

"Life With Father" will find its three-week engagement by no means long enough to wear out his welcome.

News Photos Mistook Mayflower For Nazi Destroyer

Boston, Aug. 7 (AP).—Photographers assigned to cover the arrival of two German destroyers today went into action when the form of a ship loomed out of the haze.

Still and movie cameras went into action. A navy officer suddenly bellowed: "That's no German. That's the Mayflower, the former presidential yacht."

Sheepish—and cussing—photographers went back to their poker game as the one-time yacht, now an "experimental" ship, slid by.

New President Of Colombia Is 39
Bogota, Colombia, Aug. 7 (AP).—Alberto Lleras Camargo was inaugurated as President of Colombia today, becoming one of the youngest chiefs of state in the world. Just a month past his thirty-ninth birthday, the former foreign minister will fill out the remaining year of the term of former President Alfonso Lopez, who resigned.

Navy Calls 'Tokyo Rose' Morale Lifter, Suggests 'Horse Opera'

The Navy jocularly cited Tokyo Rose yesterday as a morale builder for American forces in the Pacific. It gave her permission to "broadcast soon" the history-making scene of Admiral Halsey riding the Japanese Emperor's white horse through the streets of Tokyo.

The citation was recorded by Capt. T. J. O'Brien, director of welfare, for broadcast over "the Navy Reporter."

However records of Government radio agencies produced these conclusions:

There is no Tokyo Rose; the name is strictly a GI invention. The name has been applied to at least two lifting feminine voices waited over the Japanese radio.

United States Government radio monitors have concluded that Rose is both a regular woman announcer on Radio Tokyo short wave programs and the clever girl on the zero hour show.

Whoever she may be, the Navy praised Tokyo Rose's ability to

rival of new divisions in a Pacific name. Likewise, she is said to have theater by welcoming the com-predicted important landings to be manding officers and others by made by the American forces.

Allies Seized German Atom Experts, Data

British Headquarters, Germany, Aug. 7 (AP).—The first act of the highest Allied officials after capitulation was to rush planes and men secretly into defeated Germany to seize German atomic bomb experiments, it was disclosed today.

These experiments and the scientists who had been working on them were rushed by air to Britain soon after the capitulation. It is believed that some scientists worked on for the Allied much of their equipment also was flown to Britain. The seizures were carried out on an extremely high level of authority to avoid letting the Japanese know what was in the wind.

Location of the German atom experimental stations still is a secret but it is understood the research took place in the Schleswig-Holstein area.

The flying and rocket bomb experimental station at Peenemunde and the naval V-weapon station at Eckernforde are in this general area.

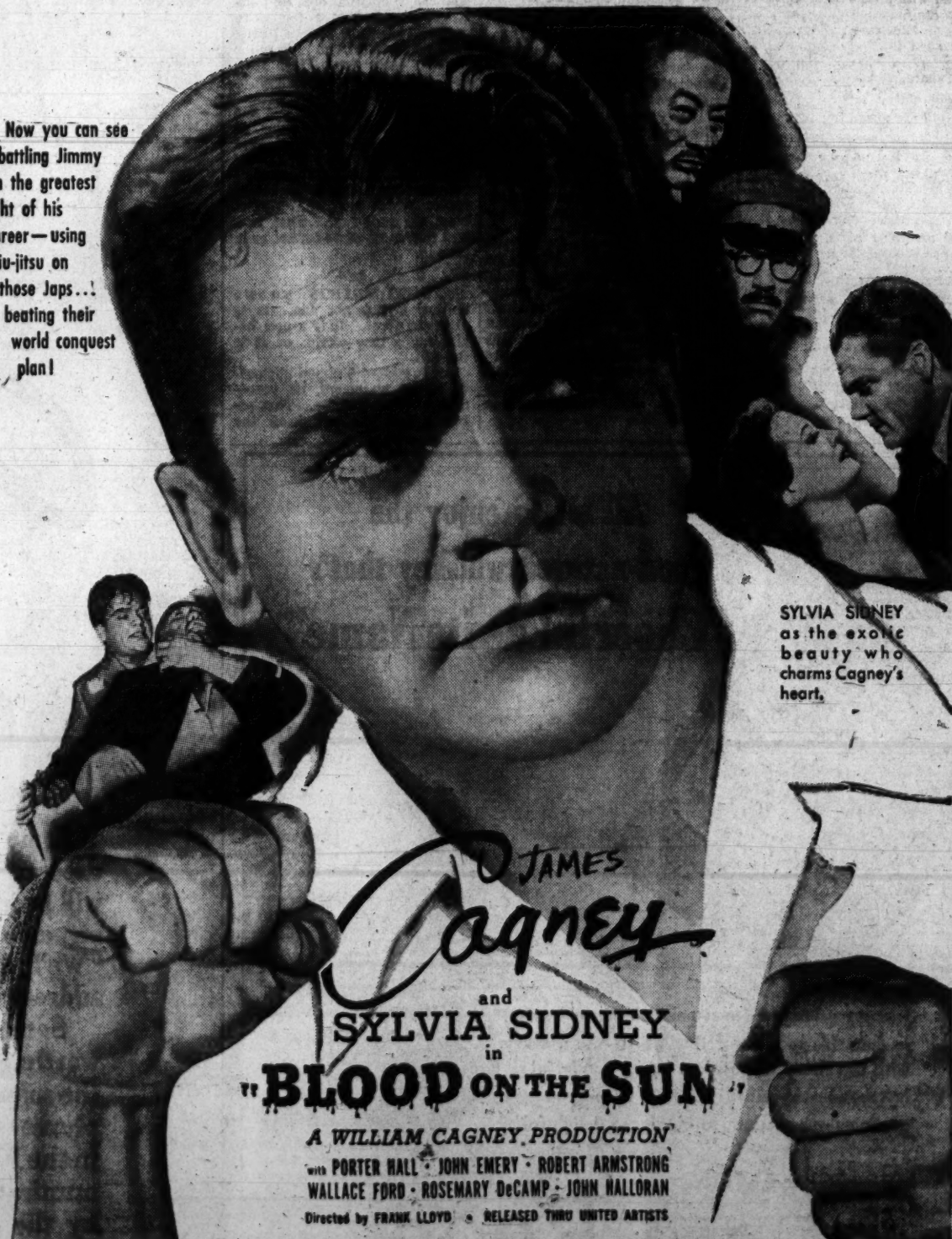
The progress made by German atom smashers is unknown, but it is felt sure that they lagged behind the British and Americans. It is

Backfire Costs \$5

Worcester, Mass. (AP).—On the complaint of neighbors, who said his car backfired noisily every morning, Robert A. Johnson was haled into court, convicted of disturbing the peace, and fined \$5.

CAGNEY'S MIGHTIEST!

Now you can see
battling Jimmy
in the greatest
fight of his
career—using
jui-jitsu on
those Japs...
beating their
world conquest
plan!



SYLVIA SIDNEY as the exotic beauty who charms Cagney's heart.

"BLOOD ON THE SUN"

A WILLIAM CAGNEY PRODUCTION
with PORTER HALL • JOHN EMERY • ROBERT ARMSTRONG
WALLACE FORD • ROSEMARY DeCAMP • JOHN HALLORAN
Directed by FRANK LLOYD • RELEASED THRU UNITED ARTISTS

LOEW'S
F at 13th

ENDS TODAY:
"THE VALLEY OF
DECISION"

PALACE

STARTS
THURS.

Northwestern Federal Assets Set New Peak

By S. Oliver Goodman
Assets of Northwestern Federal Savings & Loan Association set a new all-time record of \$7,201,170 at the end of July, a gain of \$70,220 over the same date last year.

In the same 12 months, investment in Government bonds increased \$450,000 to new high of \$1,250,000, according to R. L. Houston Jones, executive vice president of the 44-year-old institution.

Mr. Jones also revealed yesterday the promotion of Richmond H. Gibson to secretary-treasurer, James E. Harrell to assistant secretary, and Hyla R. Smith to assistant treasurer. John J. Dolan and Michael F. Showalter have been added to the board of directors.

A member of the Federal Home Loan Bank System, Northwestern Federal's main offices are in the 1300 block of G st. n.w., and a branch office is operated in Takoma Park, Md.

**Business Briefs
Of D. C. Interest**

New Local Agents Named
The Bankers National Life Insurance Co., Montclair, N. J., yesterday announced the appointment of Isidor Brem and David Klein as general agents for Washington and vicinity. They will operate as the Brem & Klein Agency with offices at 1129 Vermont ave. n.w.

W. T. Grant Stock Offered
Lehman Brothers heads an underwriting group that is offering today 150,000 shares of W. T. Grant Co. 3 1/2 per cent cumulative preferred stock, \$100 par value, at \$100 a share and accrued dividends from July 1.

Of the net proceeds, approximately \$7,674,331 will be used toward the redemption, on September 17, of all the \$48,833,331 shares of outstanding 5 per cent cumulative preferred stock. It is intended that the balance will be added to working capital to be used for various corporate purposes.

Holders of the outstanding 5 per cent preferred stock are being given the opportunity by the underwriters to acquire new stock at the public offering price in exchange for shares of the old stock. Exchanging stockholders will be credited with the redemption price of \$22 per share and accrued dividends on the old stock so exchanged.

Earnings Statements
Seco-Vacuum Oil Co. estimates consolidated earnings in the first half of 1945 at 21 million dollars after allowances for all taxes and charges. This was equal to 67 cents a share and compared with net income of 31 million dollars, including certain nonrecurring tax deductions in the first six months of 1944, equal to \$1.01 a share.

Reo Motors, Inc., reports for six months ended June 30 net profit of \$1,353,116, equal to \$2.79 a share on the capital stock. This compared with \$958,443, or \$2.06 a share in the first half of 1944.

Weston Electrical Instrument Corp. reports for 6 months to June 30 net profit of \$244,060, equal to \$1.52 a share, against \$339,123, or \$2.11 a share, in the first half of 1944 when reserves for postwar adjustments of \$103,200 were set aside.

Pittsco Co. reports for six months to June 30 net income of \$925,292, equal to \$1.32 a share, against \$587,313, or 75 cents a share in the first half of 1944.

Deca Records, Inc., reports for six months to June 30 net profit of \$450,284, equal to \$1.16 a share, against \$504,620, or \$1.20 a share, in the first half of 1944.

CORRECTION
Due to a typographical error, the first paragraph of a news item yesterday in this column read incorrectly. The proper wording should have been as follows:

American business, generally, is prepared to resume operations on a minimum basis of 1939 levels within a maximum interval of 90 days after V-J Day, the returns from a telegraphic survey conducted by Bache & Co. reveal.

New Generator To Boost Peppo Capacity 12%

Another 50,000-kilowatt steam-electric generator has been ordered for the Benning station of Potomac Electric Power Co., President Alfred G. Neal revealed last night. Installation of the new unit, which will raise the Benning station capacity to 235,000 kilowatts, is expected by the spring of 1947.

Just two months ago, a new 50,000-kilowatt generator unit was completed at the Buzzard Point station, making the capacity 270,000 kilowatt hours there.

Capacity Boost of 12 Per Cent
When the newest generator is installed in 1947, combined generating capacity of Peppo in this area will be enlarged 12 per cent to 505,000 kilowatts.

Peppo, in common with other affiliates of the North American Co., is anticipating increased demand for electric service when peace-time activity is resumed. The quarterly report of North American Co., issued yesterday to stockholders, revealed the utilityholding company is planning expenditures of 22 million dollars for new generating units to be placed in operation in 1947.

In addition to the Peppo unit, President E. L. Shea of North American listed two 80,000-kilowatt steam-electric generators for the Wisconsin Electric Power Co. at Port Washington, Wis., and the Union Electric Power Co. at Venice, Ill.

Neis \$1.74 a Share
Nothing continuation of war production at high levels in the area served, Shea reported powers sales to large industrial customers were 4 per cent greater than a year ago; electric sales to commercial customers up the same amount; and sales to residential and farm customers up 7 per cent despite the lack of new household electric appliances.

The North American showed consolidated net income of the company and subsidiaries for 12 months ended June 30 of \$19,748,186, equal after preferred dividends to \$1.74 a common share, compared with \$19,674,002 or \$1.83 a share in the preceding 12 months.

Local Produce
Eggs and Live Poultry
Eggs—Market firm; prices paid for Federal-Grade graded eggs received from grading stations, August 7, 1945, as follows: U. S. Grade A, extra large, 53 cents; U. S. Grade A, large, 52 cents; U. S. Grade A, medium, 51 cents; U. S. Grade A, small, 50 cents; U. S. Grade B, extra large, 49 cents; U. S. Grade B, large, 48 cents; U. S. Grade B, medium, 47 cents; U. S. Grade B, small, 46 cents.

LIVE POULTRY—Market very firm; two loads arrived today and one late Monday for authorized processors. Processors report increasing difficulty in securing poultry to fill marketing quotas for the armed forces. Live poultry for civilian use so far this week. Prices paid for Washington transactions (charges included according to mileage):
Broilers and fryers, \$2.30 to \$2.35.
Fruits and Vegetables
Sales on wholesale market in less than carload quantities.

PRODUCE—Market steady. Potatoes, Maryland, Virginia, New Jersey, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Pennsylvania, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Eastern Canada, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Western Canada, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Idaho, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oregon, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Washington, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; California, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; 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Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; New Mexico, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Texas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Florida, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Georgia, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Alabama, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Louisiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Mississippi, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arkansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Missouri, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Illinois, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Indiana, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Ohio, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Michigan, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Wisconsin, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Minnesota, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Iowa, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Kansas, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Nebraska, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Oklahoma, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Colorado, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Utah, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; Arizona, 2 1/2 to 3

This Morning

With Shirley Povich

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Back in Washington the other day, Joe Cronin sat with his head in his hands quite unhappy about losing five games to the Nats. In those three double-headers, he knocked Cronin's Red Sox into the second division, seven games out of the lead just when the Red Sox had ideas of moving up.

"I don't know how he does it," said Cronin abstractly, "he's a wonder." Cronin wasn't talking about any of the Washington players. "I mean the old man," he said. "Griff, look at the ball team he has come up with. Great pitching, all that speed and everything. It doesn't make sense."

Cronin said it was hard to understand. "Look at Griffith, no farm system, no scouts, no nothing, and he gets ball players. We've got everything, scouts, farm teams, a big bankroll, and we can't find a pitcher who can get the ball over the plate. Griff has three catchers who would do a great job catching regularly for any club. We haven't developed one good catcher in the 11 years I've been with Boston."

There was no use trying to reason the thing out, said Cronin. "The old man has got some kind of charm, that's all. He can put a ball team together with less to work with than anybody else in the game."

Coming from Cronin at this time it was a nice sort of tribute to the Nats' 75-year-old owner because at this time Cronin and his father-in-law Griffith are not exactly friendly. In fact, relations are more than a bit strained. They are not so palsy-walsy as in former years. Griffith got mad at Cronin this season.

It was when the Nats were suffering from the lack of outfielders before Buddy Lewis returned from the Army and Griffith tried to buy Tom McBride from the Red Sox. He offered \$25,000 and would have paid more, but Cronin wouldn't sell McBride or any other of the Boston outfielders. Griffith was indignant at Cronin's refusal.

There's friendship for you said Griffith. "I let Cronin have Bob Johnson when he was crying for outfielders, and now when the situation is reversed, the Red Sox won't sell me a ball player. They have more good outfielders in the league than any other club and can't possibly use 'em all, but they're hanging on to 'em for dear light. I didn't think Joe would do that to me." As late as two weeks ago, after Lewis had joined the Washington club Griffith still wanted to buy a Boston outfielder, but the Red Sox sold Lou Finney to the Browns, not the Nats.

What Cronin said about Griffith's knack of slinging a ball team together can be pretty well substantiated. Three of the Nats' starting pitchers, Leonard, Haefner and Pieretti were acquired at the minor league draft price. Roger Wolf came in the Buck Newsom deal and Johnny Niggeling was a throw-in at the time of the Cliff deal with the Browns three years ago.

Two of the five pitchers who beat the Red Sox in their recent series with the Nats were Alex Carrasquel and Walter Holborow, and they both pitched shut-outs, Carrasquel allowing five hits, Holborow giving up only two. Carrasquel didn't cost the Nats a dime. Joe Cambria signed him on a park bench in Havana six years ago. Holborow used to pitch for the Sempiro Bushwicks. They got him for a few hundred dollars in bonus money.

It's true, too, what Cronin says about the Washington catchers. Either Rick Ferrell, Al Evans or Mike Guerra could step into the No. 1 catching job on most clubs in the league. The Nats got Evans fresh off the North Carolina sandlots. Guerra they signed out of the Cuban League, and until he went into the Army, there was Jake Early who was the best catcher of the lot. He cost the Nats only bus fare.

At first base, is Joe Kuhel, who originally cost Griffith \$65,000, but they got him back from the White Sox a couple of years ago for \$7,500. George Myatt was bought from Columbus at the draft price. Shortstop Gil Torres was a knuckle-ball pitcher who was puttering around in the minors for 10 years before he made good as an infielder. Harland Clift, though, cost the Nats \$40,000.

In the outfield, there's George Binks. He came sort of high, with the club paying Milwaukee \$20,000 for his contract. But Binks represents virtually the entire original cost of the whole outfield. Buddy Lewis was acquired by Griffith for train fare from Gastonia, N. C., to the Charlotte farm. George Case was bought for less than \$1,000 from Trenton, after the Athletics had turned him down. Verily, it's a bargain-counter ball team.

Billy Talbert, Pauline Betz Favorites in Eastern Tennis

Rye, N. Y., Aug. 7 (AP).—Billy Talbert of Wilmington, Del., and Pauline Betz, Los Angeles, ranked tonight as the players to beat in the nineteenth annual Eastern Grass Courts Tennis Championship starting tomorrow on the manicured turf of Westchester Country Club.

They were top-seeded on the basis of their showings last year when Talbert was runner-up to Sgt. Frankie Parker in the National Singles at Forest Hills and Miss Betz won the National Women's crown. But both faced strong opposition.

The men's division of the Forest Hills preview includes Lieke Gandy Mulloy, one of the ablest shot-makers in the amateur ranks before he went to war; Lieke Elwood Cooke of the Navy who took the Eastern Clay Courts title a few weeks ago, and double-fisted Francisco Segura of Ecuador.

Mulloy is seeded second, Segura third and Cooke fourth.

In the women's field, Cooke's wife—tiny Mrs. Sarah Palfrey Cooke—is making a strong comeback after several seasons' retirement. She shared honors with her husband in the Eastern Clay Courts matches and hopes the Westchester grass will prove a springboard to a repeat at Forest Hills. She won the National crown in 1941.

Mulloy and Cooke, along with two other veterans who have returned to the courts—Sidney B. Wood, Jr., and Francis X. Shields, drew first-round byes. Talbert meets Nick A. Buzolic of San Pedro, Calif., in an opening match and Segura plays Harry Buttmer, San Francisco.

Margaret Osborne Wins Delaware Title

Wilmington, Del., Aug. 7 (AP).—Margaret Osborne of San Francisco won the Delaware women's tennis championship for the second straight year today by defeating National Champion Pauline Betz of Los Angeles, in the tournament final here.

Miss Osborne lost the first set 3-6, but took the next two sets 6-4 and 7-5.

In the doubles final, Miss Osborne and Louise Brough of Beverly Hills, Calif., defeated Miss Betz and Doris Hart of Miami, 6-4, 6-4.

Sollure Takes Suffolk Feature

Boston, Aug. 7 (AP).—H. G. Bedwell's Sollure found the slop of Suffolk Downs to his liking today and reeled off a neck triumph in the \$2500 Cranberry Purse of six furlongs. The old state runner just lapped before the stretch run of Pine Tree Farm's Double Feature.

Five lengths back was Mount Desert Stable's Weatherite with Max Marmorstein's Black Swan fourth. The winner ran the six furlongs in 1:14, paid \$9.40, \$5.80 and \$3.40 while Weatherite paid \$2.40 to show.

Kenmore Stable's Hy Charlie contested Sollure for the lead over the first half mile, then stopped badly. Sollure had three or four lengths in the stretch. Double Feature, coming from far out of it, cut into the margin over the final eighth, but just couldn't catch the winner.

Mrs. F. C. Dunn's Wise Father and L. Sax's De Kalb returned a daily double of \$198.20 on 250 tickets.

Giants Buy Trenton

New York, Aug. 7 (AP).—The New York Giants' farm system added another link today as Secretary Eddie Branch announced the purchase of the Trenton (N. J.) franchise of the class B Interstate League.

Packers Sign Blood As Morale Builder

Chicago, Aug. 7 (AP).—Earl (Curly) Lambeau, coach of the Green Bay Packers, is signing Sgt. Johnny Blood, one of the National League's all-time greats, to a contract covering the all-star game here August 30, he has informed the league's office.

"He called me from California and wanted a contract," Lambeau said. "But when I offered him a halfback spot, he said 'no.' I told him then I'd sign him as morale builder. He said he'd be here Sunday."

Sergeant Blood, who holds the record for the most years as an active player in the N. F. L. (15), just returned from two years' service with the Air Corps in the China-India-Burma theater. He now is on 30-day leave.

29 Teams Enter Va. Soft Ball Tourney

Richmond, Va., Aug. 7 (AP).—With the deadline for entry in the State softball tournament set for Monday, August 13, 29 teams including nine women's organizations, have indicated they may enter the tournament set for August 18-19 in Richmond, officials said today.

Seven are Richmond teams. Four teams are expected from Portsmouth and five from Newport News, and at least one from Norfolk.

Horse Finishing 4th in Dead Heat Becomes Winner

Camden, N. J., Aug. 7 (AP).—A turf rarity happened in the first race at Garden State Park today when a horse which finished in a dead heat for third was moved up to be the winner and the other mount figuring in the deadlock was officially placed fourth.

Lilson, ridden by A. Daniels, came in first by a head over Worries. Attune and Counsellor finished in the dead heat a nose back of Worries. Coming to the finish, Worries, on the inside, ran wide and Lilson, on the outside, lunged in with Attune sandwiched between.

Jockey Nick Wall, up on Attune, lodged a claim of foul against both Lilson and Worries, and the stewards allowed both claims.

The stewards contended Counsellor in no way figured in the betting and paid \$23.10. Worries was the favorite.

Jockey A. Daniels, who rode Lilson, was suspended for 10 days for rough riding.

Another disqualification came in the 6-furlongs fourth race when Tedious Miss, which had finished second, was moved back to third, and Post Haste moved up from third to second. M. B. Goff's Flintee was the winner.

Jockey Carson Kirk claimed a foul against Lee Haskell, who was set down for the remainder of the meeting.

NFL to Cut 1-3 of Travel, ODT is Told

Professional football laid 14 1/2 travel-reduction plans before the Office of Defense Transportation yesterday saying that approximately 33 per cent of its normal mileage could thereby be saved.

Elmer Layden, commissioner, conferred with ODT Director J. Monroe Johnson the second time in recent weeks. No announcement was made, and Johnson and Layden will meet again tomorrow.

The league's 13 non-championship games are involved, and the voluntary reduction outlined by Layden calls for "stop-overs" whenever a team is on the road for two or more consecutive Sundays.

Further rail travel savings would be effected by water travel between such points as Detroit and Buffalo, and Detroit and Cleveland as well as by limiting squads to 28 men.

Cancellation of non-championship games would represent a loss of "about half a million dollars" and make it difficult for the league to operate financially, was one argument put up to ODT by Layden.

It was further said that the league's non-championship games fall into the same category as non-conference games played by college teams but are nonetheless part of the regular schedule.

The "stop-over" plan would eliminate return-home trips by New York City games in Buffalo and Cleveland, by Washington when going to Cleveland, Chicago and Buffalo, and by the champion Green Bay Packers for contests in Philadelphia and Washington.

The Packers will provide their own transportation in private cars in going from Green Bay to Chicago for the annual College All-Star game this month.

Will Not Use Pullman

"We will not use a Pullman reservation," Layden said of other games. "We'll ride in coaches or baggage cars, anything to keep going."

Four non-championship games are scheduled for Buffalo, N. Y., two in Bethlehem, Pa., one in Baltimore, and one in Akron, Ohio, which probably will be transferred to Philadelphia.

In most instances, Layden said, wherever games are played in towns not in the league, it is because Major League baseball parks, used by the footballers in league cities, are not available until after the World Series in October.

Christman Spent 'Comfortable Night'

St. Louis, Aug. 7 (AP).—Mark Christman, St. Louis Browns third baseman who was hit in the head by a pitched ball in last night's game with Cleveland, had a "comfortable night," Club Surgeon Dr. Robert F. Hyland reported today.

Christman, hit by Alie Reynolds' fast ball in the third inning, suffered a brain concussion and will be out of the lineup for about 10 days, Dr. Hyland said. Leonard Schulte will replace him.

Navy Yard Marines' Nine Scores by 1-0

Mike Maback came out on top of a pitchers' duel yesterday as his Navy Yard Marines defeated Pitcher Bronko Bonfkar's Marine Corp. Institute, 1-0, at Griffith Stadium.

Maback gave up five well-scattered hits, while the Navy Yard nine bunched four hits off Bronkar.

Workman Improved

The condition of Raymond (Sonny) Workman, Washington's all-time outstanding jockey, ill of pneumonia at Emergency Hospital, was reported as "progressing satisfactorily" yesterday by hospital attendants.

19 To Face Barrier At Goshen

By Orlo Robertson

Goshen, N. Y., Aug. 7 (AP).—Nineteen 3-year-olds, the largest field ever to start in the Hambletonian, tomorrow will race for trotting's richest prize since 1932 with Titan Hanover such a heavy favorite that no betting will be permitted on the Harriman-Gerry colt.

Titan figures to be the 1 to 4 favorite to pull down the winner's share of the \$51,046.96 purse in straight heats. Under the plan adopted horses finishing second, third and fourth will pay off at the mutuels.

The crowd is expected to reach 15,000.

The size of the field was a surprise even to horsemen, for never in the 19-year history of the buggy whip derby has one horse stood out as does the little bay for which E. Roland Harriman and Capt. Elbridge T. Gerry paid \$3000 as a yearling.

Holds 3 World Marks

The son of Calumet Chuck, trained and driven by Harry Powell, established three world records for 2-year-olds last year, including a two-minute performance. He was beaten in three heats but came back each time to take the race. This year he won his two starts handily.

Good Time Park's track was slow today from yesterday's rain but, given continued sunshine, it will be fast for the big test, which will be decided on a two out of three basis. If different horses split the first three miles, the heat winners will come back for the deciding brush.

With the purse topping all others since the Marchioness 15 years ago won the major share of \$53,339, the winner will take down \$27,608.33. Titan already has earned around \$32,000, including \$25,000 as a 2-year-old.

Asked why they choose to compete against such a standout as Titan Hanover, trainers and drivers replied unanimously:

"It's a wide-open race for second money."

Draws No. 12 Position

While Titan has been going merrily on his way, his rivals have been changing the runner-up position almost with every heat. E. J. Baker's Algiers, the only horse given any kind of a chance of whipping the Harriman-Gerry colt, went wrong and was not named to start.

Titan received none of the best of it in the draw for post positions. He drew No. 12, meaning he'll start in the second flight and it will take some smart driving on the part of Powell to get the fleet colt through the large field and in a position where he can find racing room.

Favored in the draw was W. N. Reynolds' Regland, one of the most consistent of the money horses in other races this season. The Winston-Salem (N. C.) son of Scotland Ray (Sugar) Robinson to a 10-round draw last May 14 at Philadelphia's Convention Hall. Basora was a 7-to-1 underdog at ringtime and many thought he earned the decision.

Promoter Mike Jacobs promptly signed him to meet Jake LaMotta over the 10-round route at the Garden this Friday night. "It was a natural, bringing together the only two men who were able to blot Sugar's 57-fight record," LaMotta gave a decision over Sugar at Detroit two years ago.

A rugged 155-pounder, Jose will be meeting Jake for the fourth time. In their first two scraps at the Bronx Coliseum in 1942, Jose gained a draw and a decision. Their third meeting was at Detroit two years ago with Jake winning a close decision.

LaMotta, who is scheduled to oppose Robinson again in Chicago next month, has won his last five fights, his most recent a decision over Youngstown's clever Tommy Bell at the Garden July 7. Basora has not lost since he dropped a 10-round decision to Holman Williams a year ago in San Francisco.

Basora shared in a gross gate of \$56,027 for the Robinson scrap in Philadelphia. It was his first taste of big money. "I know what it means to fight for coffee and cake dough," he said. "I'm making good Friday."

Postscripts

By Dick Wyatt

Charles (Buck) Henry, former Coolidge baseball star and one of the finest schoolboy pitchers developed here in many a moon, is a member

of the Bainbridge staff. Henry pitched the Coolidge nine into the final round of the Interhigh playoff last spring and lost to East in a game that was tighter than a sailor's knot. . . . In winning a spot on the Bainbridge staff, Henry had to show a lot of stuff as such former big league players as the Nats' Stan Spence and Duke Slater perform for the Commodores. . . . In addition to Henry, other former District high school athletes greats are aft the Maryland Naval base, including Alvin Lann, Tech's all-high basketball star, Elliott Bushlow, former Roosevelt cage baseball ace, Bobby Buchantz, another former Roosevelt star, Henry Mongelli, formerly of Western, and Ike Neilsenbaum, one of Coolidge's basketball greats.



Wyatt

Far From Big Leagues, But Not Baseball



Lieut. Bill Dickey, the same Bill Dickey who made catching history with the New York Yankees, now of the Fourth District Naval District Athletic Office at the U. S. Naval Air Station, Pensance, Maui, Hawaii, and Specialist 1/c Jack Hallett, former Pittsburgh Pirates hurler, are carrying on for the Navy in a big baseball way overseas. Dickey is in charge of baseball in the district and Hallett is manager of the Pensance baseball team.

Basora Takes Spotlight In La Motta Bout

New York, Aug. 7 (AP).—It took a long time but Jose Basora, the senior from San Juan, finally has made the grade as a main bout performer in Madison Square Garden.

Although he has been around since 1939 and earned recognition as a crowd pleaser in other cities, the 27-year-old Puerto Rican never attracted much attention in New York until he surprised by holding Sugar (Sugar) Robinson to a 10-round draw last May 14 at Philadelphia's Convention Hall. Basora was a 7-to-1 underdog at ringtime and many thought he earned the decision.

Promoter Mike Jacobs promptly signed him to meet Jake LaMotta over the 10-round route at the Garden this Friday night. "It was a natural, bringing together the only two men who were able to blot Sugar's 57-fight record," LaMotta gave a decision over Sugar at Detroit two years ago.

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Johnny-Come-Lately Rookies Add Strength to Major Clubs

New York, Aug. 7 (AP).—It's opportunity day for such Johnny-come-latelys as Rookies Art Rebel of the St. Louis Cardinals, Byron La Forest of the Boston Red Sox, and Tommy Brown of Brooklyn, as the majors stock up on new talent for the final third of the pennant drive.

With recruits moving up from the minors in wholesale lots, players like Hank Borowy and Lou Finney changing uniforms and a service stars returning to the game, fans have to look twice to recognize their favorite clubs tomorrow when play is resumed after a two-day travel lull.

Rebel, a chubby left-hander from the Cardinal chain gang, jumped in the world champ's outfield to replace the injured Al Schoendienst and has clipped the apple at a 429 pace in eight games. If he can keep it up while the Red Birds tour the east for the last time, he will be an important factor in their bid to catch the Cubs. St. Louis also brought up Pitcher Bill Crouch and the veteran infielder, Pep Young.

Brooklyn, still a factor, brought in Tom Brown from St. Paul, along with Pitcher Ralph Branca and Catcher Fats Donatoni. Young Brown's erratic throwing arm forced the Dodgers to farm him out in the spring but scouts say the 17-year-old shortstop now is ready.

With the addition of Borowy,

who has won two straight since leaving the Yankees, the Cubs are standing pat with a first place club. The New York Giants are still looking for a first sacker to spell Phil Weintraub and now have recalled Mike Schemer from Jersey City for a trial.

Most American League changes have been due to the return of discharged servicemen like Pitcher Red Ruffing and Catcher Aaron Robinson of the Yanks, Outfielder Buddy Lewis of Washington, Catcher Gene De Sauteles to Cleveland, and Hank Greenberg to Detroit.

Boston brought LaForest from the Louisville farm club to replace Jimmy Bucher at third base and sent Ben Steiner back to the Colonels for further seasoning. The Red Sox also lured Duff Camilli from the Pacific Coast League and shunted Lou Finney by valuers to the St. Louis Browns where he has been playing regularly.

Outfielder Jake Powell shifted from Washington to the Phillies who also picked up Catcher Sam Andrews from the Dodgers. Outfielder Morrie Aderholt was waived to the Braves by Brooklyn.

The end is not yet in sight with the Brooks reported eyeing Ed Stevens of Montreal and some of Bruno Betzels' first line hurlers and the Yanks casting a covetous eye on Karl Dreys of the Newark Bears.

Bullis Books 8 Grid Games

The Bullis Naval Academy Prep School, leading football team in the area last year, will play an eight-game schedule, Coach Al Grossman announced yesterday.

The Prepmen, who turned back the Army Plebes 14-13 last year and finished the season with but one defeat—from the Navy Plebes—will play only one local school, Eastern, interhigh champion.

The schedule:

October 6, Wyoming Seminary; 13, Stannion Military Academy; 20, Baylor; 26, Army Plebes.

November 3, Port Union Military Academy; 6, Bakersfield; 17, C. C. N. Y.; 24, Navy Plebes.

The Majors

AMERICAN LEAGUE	W	L	Pct.	GB.
Chicago	54	41	.569	
Detroit	54	42	.563	1 1/2
Cleveland	50	45	.521	3 1/2
New York	49	45	.511	4 1/2
Philadelphia	48	46	.500	5 1/2
Pittsburgh	45	49	.479	7 1/2
Boston	45	49	.479	7 1/2
St. Louis	42	52	.446	9 1/2
Philadelphia	32	63	.337	22

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

Browns at Yankees—Yankees won.

Only game scheduled.

TODAY'S GAMES

WASHINGTON AT CHICAGO (night)

Pittsburgh at St. Louis (night)

Philadelphia at St. Louis (night)

St. Louis at Philadelphia (night)

Boston at Detroit (2)

Chicago at Cleveland (11-12) Sunday (7-7)

BOSTON AT DETROIT (2)

Chicago at Cleveland (11-12) Sunday (7-7)

St. Louis at Philadelphia (11-12) Sunday (7-7)

NATIONAL LEAGUE

W

L

Pct.

GB.

St. Louis 50 | 42 | .548 | || Chicago | 49 | 43 | .529 | 1 1/2 |
New York	48	44	.518	2 1/2
Philadelphia	47	45	.511	3 1/2
Pittsburgh	45	47	.489	5 1/2
Boston	45	47	.489	5 1/2
St. Louis	42	52	.446	9 1/2
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Negro Double Set Tomorrow

Roy Partlow, Philadelphia Stars pitcher who formerly was with the Washington Homestead Grays, has been selected to duel Leroy (Satchel) Paige and his Kansas City Monarchs in the opening game of a two-night doubleheader at Griffith Stadium tomorrow night at 8:30 o'clock.

In the nightcap the Grays, Negro National League champions, will start their left-handed star, Roy Welmaker, against either Johnny Markham or Schoolboy Newberry, aces of the Birmingham Black Barons.

Partlow gained a 12 inning, 2-1 decision over Paige and the Grays here before 26,155 in 1942.

The Grays boast the league's leading batter, Buck Leonard, 394; catcher Jerry Gibson, 367, and outfielder Josh Benjamin, 354. Outfielder Gene Benson, 379, and Shotstop Frank Austin, 360, are affiliated with the Stars.

Anderson May Winter In States This Winter

London, Aug. 7 (AP).—Arne Anderson, Swedish runner who owned the world record for the mile until three weeks ago, said before leaving for home by plane today that "I probably will be running in the United States this winter."

Anderson and Gunder Hagg, who now holds the mile mark at 4:01.4, came here to compete in yesterday's Anglo-American track meet.

The 27-year-old school teacher said he would be accompanied by his wife on the trip to the United States.

Pennant Bug Bites Chicago Povich Finds

By Shirley Povich

Chicago, Aug. 7.—The jubilant Nats who are now thinking in terms of the league lead came to Chicago today for a series with the White Sox, and discovered they will be meeting a club with similar ideas. All of a sudden the White Sox have become hot articles, too.

Jimmy Dykes' lads are in fourth place, 4 1/2 games to the rear of the Nats, but like Washington, they've been doing very well lately. While the Nats were winning five out of six games from the second-division Red Sox, the White Sox, it seems, were taking five out of six from the league-leading Tigers, no less.

So beginning Tuesday night, when the series opens here, it will be a battle of upstart ball clubs who suddenly find themselves with a chance to take it all. Pitching is Good.

The White Sox have been getting excellent pitching of late, not as good as the Nats, but better than fair. What they have been doing better than the Nats, though, is hitting the ball. They knocked out Hal Newhouse and Dixie Tross of the Tigers without Tony Cucinello, their league-leading hitter in the lineup. Floyd Baker, his replacement, has been conducting himself so prodigiously that Cucinello can't break into the team.

In the series opener tomorrow night, Dykes will send to the mound Early Caldwell, his 40-year-old rookie who apparently has caught the new spirit of the Pale Hose. Caldwell's contribution in the recent Detroit series was a shut-out victory.

Pieretti to Hurt

Manager Ossie Bluege is sending Midget Marino Pieretti after the series opener. Pieretti in two starts against the White Sox this year has beaten them, 4 to 3, in 12 innings, and lost his other start because of a balk. In his last outing, Pieretti pitched a convincing 2-to-1 victory over the Athletics, to break a four-game losing streak. He pitched a shutout after the first inning.

The Nats are grateful for their two-day respite after those five double headers in a row, and Manager Bluege's pitching staff is ready for the 26 games on this road trip. Dutch Leonard took advantage of the off days to rejoin his family in nearby Auburn, Ill.

Gil Torres, who has been ill in recent days, is under treatment by a Chicago physician but will stay in the lineup. The Nats' two speed boys, George Case and George Myatt, who are tied or the lead in stolen bases with 20 each are both nursing leg injuries. Case is troubled by a painful boil behind his right knee, and Myatt is favoring a strained ankle. Harland Clift says he's in no hurry to go home at the season's end. Because they're making that new atom bomb at Richmond Wash., only a few miles from his ranch house, Manager Ossie Bluege has a new battle cry: "Up and atom."

1-3 Ex-Servicemen In Piedmont Loop

Richmond, Va., Aug. 7 (AP).—One third of the players in the six teams of the Piedmont League are discharged servicemen, some of whom have been wounded in the European and Pacific theaters of war.

The largest number of veterans are under contract to Richmond, which has eight, while Norfolk has seven; Roanoke, six; Newport News and Portsmouth, four each, and Lynchburg three. The list follows:

Lynchburg—Jim Jennings, first; Al Papp and Arnie Atkins, pitchers.

Newport News—Frank Subb, third; Frank Nurm, Paul Stephens and Bob Austin, pitchers.

Portsmouth—Elwood Grantham, third; Don Helms, Joe Sloter and Harold Stewart, pitchers.

Roanoke—Manager Eddie Popowski, second; Rudy Favero, catcher; Clayton Goad, pitcher; Roy Wilson, first; Benny Platt, pitcher, and Jimmy Turner, centerfielder.

Richmond—Bill DeKoning, catcher; Courtney Driscoll and Pete Howard, shortstop; Earl Pugh, third; Jim Milner, rightfielder; Mario Pione, John Windig and Bob Henry, pitchers.

Norfolk—Sandy Morris, first; George Gasser, second; Roy Gummer, left; Bill Houtz, Bob Klus, Joe McCall and Jack McKinney, pitchers.

Veatch, Former Tiger Outfield Star, Dies

Detroit, Aug. 7 (AP).—Robert (Bobby) Veatch, who spent 12 of his 14 years in major league baseball as a Detroit Tiger outfielder, died at his home here today after a long illness.

Veatch who piled up a lifetime batting average of .311 was a cog in two of the most powerful outfields in the American League. When he came to Detroit from Indianapolis in 1912, he joined Ty Cobb and Sam Crawford, and the trio chased many an opposing pitcher to the showers. Later when Crawford retired and was succeeded in right field by Harry Heilmann, the Tiger outfield retained its fame as a powerful batting trio.

Veatch retired in 1925 after being traded out of New York and moving to the Washington Senators on waivers.



Mary Haworth's Mail

Girl, 20, Discovers Mutual Love Exists Between Herself and Mother's Fiance, 30; Mother Is 38; How Spare Her Feelings?

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I am a girl of 20 and I love my mother very much. But I have discovered that I am in love with her fiance. She is 38 and he is only 30. He has discovered that he really loves me, too, but neither one of us can hurt her. Will you please advise me what to do?

G. B.

Worst Sort Of Triangle

DEAR G. B.: Either this young man is so amiably shallow and easily swayed that his impulse to love—now here, now there,—has no staying power whatsoever. Or he is a sinister character, insidiously depraved, who is more fascinated than distressed at finding himself the pivotal angle of a triangle that makes a young girl secret rival to her mother.

Your behavior is nothing to be proud of, either. In fact, is as far below par for honor. Not so much on the score of getting smitten with your mother's youngish fiance. That mistake of the heart might overlook you without warning. But you voluntarily descend to a sordid level of filial treachery in exchanging sweetheart sentiments with him, while deceiving her as to the nature of your interest in each other.

Girl Is Foolish; Man Is Worthless

IT IS possible you have deliberately employed and suggestively emphasized every advantage of youth, to steal her beau and adulterate his original devotion to her. It is also possible that your temptress performance is copied from her past foolish example; that you are life's vengeance on her for being a frivolous woman and heedless mother.

Even so, the point I would make is this: The man is 30, a mature age compared to your unripe 20 years, and in so much as permitting, much less fanning, this type of intrigue with you, he damns himself as worthless in relation to women. A conscientious counselor can only advise both you and your mother to wash your hands of him, if you seek reasonable security in the realm of mate

love; and more importantly, if you wish to preserve your reciprocal fondness, if you don't want it destroyed by the basest form of unnatural jealousy.

If you love your mother protectively, you won't keep her in the dark any longer. Incest confession may hurt her, yes; but it is a safeguard you owe her. So if you wish to do right, have the man explain to her his untenable position; or if he evades the unpleasant assignment, put the facts before her yourself. And then renounce him, foolish girl.

M. H.

Madame Grundy Has a Problem

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: Is it proper or in good taste for a young man to come to town each week-end and live day and night at a girl friend's house? Even if they became engaged (which they haven't yet) would it then be proper? Is it compromising to the girl in any case? The young man is not a soldier and hotel rooms can be had in town most any week-end.

L. B.

Nothing Wrong In This Picture

DEAR L. B.: Presumably the girl makes her home with her parents. Hence they are hosts to the young man from out-of-town, when he visits there of week-ends. This arrangement is quite proper; routine courtesy to friends of the family is polite society. The question of sex doesn't enter, in the minds of civilized beholders. If the youngsters were engaged, this type of week-end companionship would be respectable, yes. And if they are not engaged, it is equally respectable. If their private deportment is honorable, they will not be compromised. The only bone to pick is the possibility that the young man might be abusing his host's indulgence in spending every week-end in their home. Yet if that were true, if they found him bumptious, doubtless they would snub him into staying away.

M. H.

Mary Haworth counsels through her column, not by mail or personal interview. Write her in care of The Post.

Martha Ellyn's Platter Chatter

'Vacation Specials' Make Staying Home Enjoyable

This is stay-at-home summer. Our armed forces need the facilities of the railroads, air lines and other forms of transportation. It's really not such a hardship taking a vacation 'neath the shade of your own apple tree, on the porch, in one of Washington's lovely parks, or at your own pet swimmin' hole.

You can relax at home, enjoy a vacation and help speed victory. The sooner the war is over the sooner we will return to normal living and be able to hit the trails again.

The imagination should be used to plan "vacation specials." Once you start informal get-togethers with friends and neighbors, you'll find yourself in a pleasant whirl of activities. It is the shore for which you are hankering, plan a shore dinner featuring seafood and corn on the cob.

A cooperative victory garden supper will not only bring out the pride of the gardener, but some good eating. Porch supper and parties on the lawn, all featuring cold beverages, home-made ice cream and cake (made without sugar) can contribute to vacation memories.

Now that vegetable juices are available without points, these will be splendid to include on the menu as a "starter," for those who don't want a more spirited drink. A cool melon mold is both appealing and pretty. Many low-point or no-point foods are available with which to assemble a memorable porch supper. Here's a suggestion for a menu:

PORCH SUPPER
Chilled Vegetable Juice
Melon Mold Cold Cuts
Potato Salad Hot Rolls
Peach Custard Pie
Iced Beverage

This meal can be prepared in the cool of the morning. There will be no bustling around at the last minute, so that the hostess can give those all-important touches to her grooming. Recipes for the Melon Mold and Peach Custard Pie follow:

MELON MOLD
Dissolve 1 package lime gelatin in hot water. Chill. When slightly thickened, fold in 1½ cups cantaloupe or honeydew melon balls. Turn the mixture into mold which has been rinsed in cold water. Chill until firm. Unmold on salad greens and serve with French dressing.

PEACH CUSTARD PIE
Into an unbaked pie shell put a generous layer of sliced peaches. Beat 3 eggs slightly and combine with ½ cup sugar or other sweetener, ¼ teaspoon salt, ½ teaspoon each of almond and vanilla flavoring. Slowly add 2 cups scalded milk. Mix well and pour over peaches. Bake at 450 degrees for 15 minutes, then at 325 degrees for 25 minutes or until mixture doesn't adhere to a silver knife. Just before

serving garnish with sliced peaches. Get-togethers in the yard after sunset are great fun. Wheel out sandwiches and beverages on the teacart or set them on an improvised bar. Let everyone get his own food. You'll be surprised what an innovation fruit breads with yummy fillings are to many persons. Now that bananas are in market again, why not make a banana nut bread—no sugar required. This is the recipe:

BANANA NUT BREAD
Cream together ½ cup shortening and 1 cup corn sirup. Add 2 beaten eggs. Beat until light and fluffy. Sift together 2 cups sifted flour, 3 teaspoons baking powder and 1 teaspoon salt. Add to creamed mixture alternately with ¾ cup mashed bananas. Mix well and add 1 cup chopped nuts. Pour into greased loaf pan. Bake in moderate oven, 375 degrees for 1 hour and 15 minutes. Makes 1 loaf that will cut 20 slices, ¼-inch thick.

Arrive at Spring Lake

Mr. and Mrs. Robert V. Fleming, Washington, have arrived at the Essex and Sussex Hotel, Spring Lake, N. J., where they will spend several weeks. Also there from the Capital are Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Kerkam, Benjamin Reese, Jr., who has joined his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Reese, St. Louis, Mo. W. D. Osgood is in Spring Lake, stopping at the Monmouth.

Gen., Mrs. Greely in North
Brig. Gen. and Mrs. John N. Greely left yesterday for Henderson Harbor, N. Y., on Lake Ontario. Mrs. Greely will spend two weeks at the resort and General Greely will return to Washington the end of the week.

Millers Back in Town
Col. and Mrs. Jesse I. Miller have returned from Hot Springs, Va., where they spent a week at the Homestead.



Adds tasty flavor to everyday dishes. Keep it on the table at home. Ask for it at restaurants.

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Countess Szechenyi Finds Eluding Spotlight Difficult

By Marie McNair

To one who has consistently avoided anything remotely connected with personal publicity, it must be doubly trying to have five daughters, figuring, if only rarely in the news.

Countess Szechenyi, born a Vanderbilt, the widow of Count Laszlo Szechenyi, for a number of years Hungarian Minister to the United States, has always dodged the spotlight. But occasionally she gets caught in its rays.

A year round resident of Newport, Countess Szechenyi seems always to have a house full of family. Her daughter, Mrs. Eugene Robert, Washington, is there with her three children; the season; her two youngest daughters, Sylvia and Nandine, make their permanent home with their mother, and Countess Szechenyi has just dispatched two young granddaughters, sons of the Countess of Winchelsea and Nottingham, the former Miss Gladys Szechenyi, homeward to England. The boys have been duration visitors and are returning to London where their mother recently has purchased a house.

Her Wedding Brilliant
The boys, 7-year-old Viscount Maidstone and the Hon. Robin Finch-Hatton, aged 5, are sons of Christopher, the Earl of Winchelsea, against whom the Countess recently filed suit for divorce.

Another daughter of Countess Szechenyi, is Mrs. A. de la Roche, Countess de la Roche, Hungarian nobleman, whose wedding in Washington was one of the most brilliant as well as pictorial events of that year.

The Countess Hadik made headlines in April when she broadcast

a message from Germany to her mother. Until that time Countess Szechenyi had heard nothing from her daughter in two years. The Countess Hadik subsequently escaped from Germany through Hungary and with her two boys, 10 and 13 years old, made her way to Switzerland. She hopes to bring her sons with her to this country for a visit before very long.

Owens Sole Penthouse
The only house in Washington with its own penthouse belonged to Waddy Wood, the architect.

Now it belongs to Mrs. Jessie Holton, principal of Holton Arms School, and Mr. Wood has taken to the country.

Formerly the home of Mrs. Jack Biddle on S st., the house was completely remodeled when Mr. Wood bought it several years ago. He even installed an outdoor grill on the rooftop and in his bachelor days would gather in various groups of friends for cocktails and an informal supper under the stars. Now that it's the property of Holton Arms School it will presumably undergo a reversion into classrooms and dormitories.

Mr. and Mrs. Wood are living near Annapolis, their new house, which they call Wood Haven, being situated on the South River. They expect to keep a pied-a-terre in Washington however as daily commuting for Mr. Wood to his offices in Washington is out of the question now.

An architect of national reputation, Mr. Wood is owner and editor of a magazine devoted to small homes and recently has signed a contract with a newspaper syndicate for a series of articles on post-war homes.

Keeping Cool In Hot Weather Food Problem

By Ida Jean Kain

Let's eat to beat the heat. I'm not going scientific on you... it's too hot! But there's a way to keep the internal machinery humming along smoothly in the good old summer time.

The problem of keeping cool in hot weather is one of getting rid of the heat generated. We need less fat, it's high in fuel calories, and fewer starches and sugars. But to keep from going into a slump, there should be good quality protein, minerals as usual and even more of the vitamins that come in the seasonal fruits and vegetables.

Have One Hot Food

One important rule for summer meals is to have one hot food with each meal. Switching abruptly to all cold foods for every meal is a quick way to bring on a digestive upset. We need plenty of liquids in hot weather, but it isn't a good plan to gulp down large quantities of iced water or any iced beverage when you are hot. Don't take beverages too cold or too fast and avoid too many sweet drinks.

More salt is needed in hot weather. Sprinkle salt on melons, corn and salads.

Good Breakfast

Start the day with a good breakfast. Have a whole-grain cereal with some fresh summer berries and milk, and a hot beverage. And have a glass of orange juice fresh or canned. There is a connection between lack of vitamin C and heat exhaustion, so be sure to have plenty of fresh fruits. The berries are a good source of Vitamin C; fresh tomatoes are a good source.

For good nutrition you need three vegetables a day, an egg, a serving of cheese or cottage cheese, a small serving of fowl or meat and a pint of milk, plus a whole-grain cereal and bread and plenty of fresh fruits.

Smiths Take Cottage

Captain and Mrs. Arthur Clarendon Smith, Jr., and Lieut. and Mrs. Frank Hynson have taken a cottage at Sherwood Forest, Md., for the summer. Among their first invited guests were Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Clarendon Smith, who will spend the week of August 11.

Miss Steiner Returns

Miss Tillie Steiner has returned to her apartment at the Francis Scott Key after three weeks vacation in New York and Lake Champlain. She was accompanied on her trip by Miss Alice Swartz and Mrs. Augusta Brown.

Son Visits Mrs. Tyner

Mrs. Elton Tyner had with her for the weekend her son, Capt. John Tyner who recently returned from 17 months overseas. Captain Tyner was commissioned in the Air Transport Command three years ago.

Women in your 40's

Do these symptoms betray your age? Do you—like so many women between the ages of 30 and 40—suffer from hot flashes, nervous tension, irritability, are a bit blue at times—due to the functional "middle-age" period peculiar to women?

Then start at once—try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to relieve these symptoms. This great medicine cures women. Taken regularly—it helps build up resistance against such "middle-age" distress. For almost a century—thousands upon thousands of women have reported benefits. Also great stomachic tonic. Follow label directions.

Lydia E. Pinkham's VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Town Talk

By Eva Hinton

HERE'S good news for Washingtonians tired of standing in line for a mediocre meal at highest OPA prices. Some of that fabulous San Francisco food that we heard so much about from conference-goers is coming to Washington. It won't be till after the war, so you'll have to be patient for a while.

George Mardikian, who has made of his restaurant, Omar Khayam in San Francisco, a sort of gastronomic art gallery, will open a place in the Capital as soon as the war is over.

Mr. Mardikian feels that his famous delicacies would cheer the titans of Government and improve their outlook on life. A Senator eating rose-petal ice cream could think only the most Utopian thoughts!

Dr. Douglass Sets Reception

Dr. Paul F. Douglass, president of American University, will be host at a party and reception Saturday at 8 p. m. in honor of 45 student representatives attending the Student Federalist Summer Institute at the university's college of arts and sciences.

Among those invited are the President of St. John's College and Mrs. Stringfellow Barr, President of Brookings Institute and Mrs. Harold G. Moulton, William Philip Simms, Mrs. Raymond Clapper, Jim H. Brady, Miss Margaretta S. Austin, Dr. and Mrs. Edwin G. Nourse, Dean and Mrs. Harry W. Ketchum, Dean and Mrs. Ernst Posner, Clarence K. Streit, over from Judge and Mrs. Robert V. Fletcher.

Lea Cumings, Philip Reynolds Are Engaged

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Lea Cumings, daughter of Mr. Harold L. Williamson and the late John Bradley Cumings, and Officer Captain Philip M. Reynolds, USMC, son of Col. and Mrs. Harrison G. Reynolds, Washington and Boston.

The bride-elect's mother and stepfather are now in Bordeaux, France, where Mr. Williamson is American Counselor General. Miss Cumings is living with her grandmother, Mrs. Chester G. Swan, New York. A graduate of Chatham Hall, she made her debut last winter at the Junior Assembly in New York and is a member of the New York Junior League.

Her fiancé was graduated from St. George's School, Newport, in 1942 and with the class of '46 from Harvard University, where he was a member of the Fly Club. After serving in the Pacific 14 months he is now attending Officers' Candidate School, Quantico, Va. His father is Air Provost Marshal in Washington.

Two Give Shower For Margaret Duff

Miss Margaret Mary Duff, Norwich, Conn., whose marriage to John M. O'Sullivan, Boston, will take place August 20, was the guest in whose honor Miss Beulah Potter and Miss Louise Hayet entertained at a cocktail party and shower Sunday afternoon.

Guests included Miss Mary Fitzpatrick Lananah, Miss Mary Fitzwillcox, Miss Meta K. Hannay, Miss Marguerite Hayes, Miss Joy Rife, Miss Eleanor Meier, Miss Mary Parker and Miss Mae Jacobs.

Mrs. Neuman at Resort

Mrs. Arthur Neuman has gone to Bass Lake, Ill., for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Aaron Ascher, who is spending the summer there.

Miss Bowdoin Selects Date For Nuptials

Miss Eileen "Ligon" Bowdoin, daughter of Mrs. Edward H. Foley, wife of Colonel Foley, USA, Washington and New York, and her fiance, Lieut. Edward S. Travers, Jr., have chosen August 18 for their wedding day.

The marriage will be performed in Trinity Episcopal Church, Newport, by the Rev. William M. Bradner and will be followed by a reception at Durham cottage, which Colonel and Mrs. Foley are occupying for the summer.

Miss Bowdoin, the daughter of Lieut. Comdr. George Temple Bowdoin, USNR, New York, will be attended by her sister, Miss Helen H. Bowdoin, as maid of honor. The bridesmaids will be Miss Julia I. Bowdoin, another sister, and Miss Eleanor Travers, a sister of Lieutenant Foley.

Maj. Heiberg Host at Stag Cocktail Party

Mint juleps mixed in Maryland manner, were served at Maj. Alf Heiberg's stag cocktail party yesterday afternoon in honor of Senator George Radcliffe of Maryland. Most of the guests were recruited from service circles with a sprinkling from Capitol Hill included.

Among them were Senator Alben Barkley, Senator Arthur Capper, Maj. Gen. Fred Anderson who was with the Ninth Air Force in England; Maj. Gen. Russell Maxwell, Gen. Carlos Romulo, Philippine Resident Commissioner; Brig. Gen. Edward Powers, AAF; Brig. Gen. Henry Munnikhuyse, Assistant Quartermaster General; Maj. Gen. Thomas Wilson, Maj. Gen. James Ulio and Admiral Clarke Woodward.

Then there were Capt. Charles Bittinger, USN; Capt. Thomas Darcy, leader of the Army Band; Capt. George Howard, leader of the Air Forces Band; Capt. Mike Schuyler, Capt. Beverley Robinson, J. A. Krug, chairman of the War Production Board; Lieut. Comdr. Roger Firestone, Col. Winant Johnston, Col. William Bliss, and Col. Douglas Pommeroy.

Also Lieut. Comdr. Walter R. Amesbury, Jr., Col. William Boyd, Commandant of Bolling Field; Maj. Jack O'Connor, Col. Parkman Sayward and Capt. Dermott Dinan.

Col. Arthur Hazlehurst of the British Army was there and also in the gathering were Edgar Morris and his son, Lieut. Col. Edgar Morris, just back from Europe; Lieut. Comdr. Edward Treglow, in Iowa for a few days; Maj. Walter Brooks, son of Mrs. Heiberg, who is on leave from the Pacific theater; Representative John Dingell; Lieut. Nelson Posner and Glenn Martin, over from Baltimore.

Fairer Lovelier Skin with MERCOLIZED WAX CREAM

Does your skin look darkened, weathered, dull? Then help yourself to a clearer, fairer, lovelier one with Mercolized Wax Cream. It actually bleaches unattractive skin. For Mercolized Wax Cream contains a special ingredient that can make your complexion shades lighter, clearer, too, even shrouds freckles, lightens and fades. Discover a skin not only fairer and brighter, but more silky smooth, more firm, your natural coloring lovelier. Mercolized Wax Cream helps your skin look as young and lovely as your skin was. Buy a jar today. Use only as directed.

Startle your skin to fresher loveliness with SAKOLITE Astringent. Temporarily contracts loose surface skin, reduces prominence of premature fine lines and wrinkles.

Ask Your Breyer Dealer for Fresh Peach.

CHEERS AND NOURISHES!

As far as I could see stretched the farm and pasture lands of Virginia. By the edge of the brook were ancient willows and a stone springhouse. Halfway up a sheltering hill was the almost fortress-like stone house built by Hessian war prisoners during the Revolution and transformed by my hosts into a charming and hospitable dwelling.

On the skyline above the house was a modern white barn, winter quarters for the sheep that grazed in the valley making music with the little Swiss bells on their necks.

Very idyllic and utterly delightful! But then came such questions as, "Do you 'hang' meat for a while before you put it in the deep-freeze, or do you dump it right in?" and "Can you freeze fresh butter?" (No, you must pasteurize it first.)

At this point I say, "Give me back my typewriter and head me back to that puddle of asphalt! Country life is too complicated!"

ICED TEA DEMANDS THIS QUALITY BLEND

TEALEY TEA ESTABLISHED SINCE 1837

HERE IT IS, FOLKS!

REAL PEACH ICE CREAM

MADE THE Sealtest WAY

Just what you've been waiting for... Real Peach Ice Cream as Sealtest makes it. That means plenty of those big, juicy peaches—bursting with flavor and goodness—blended with fine, nourishing cream. There's nothing like it! Enjoy it as often as you can.

Southern Dairies

Sealtest ICE CREAM

Division of National Dairy Products Corporation

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MARY WORTH



MICKEY FINN



MYRTLE



DIXIE DUGAN



DON WINSLOW



CHIEF WAHOO and STEVE ROPER



WINNIE WINKLE



KING OF THE ROYAL MOUNTED



DONALD DUCK



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THE WASHINGTON POST
Wednesday, August 6, 1946

WMAZ	630 WRC	980 WOL	1260 WINX	1340 WWDC	1450 WTOP	1500
6:05-7:00 Town Clock 7:00-7:10 David 7:10-7:45 News, 6:15-6:30 World 7:45-8:30 World Roundup, 8:30-8:45 News, 8:45-9:00	6:05-6:30 Top of the Morning 6:30-6:45 News, 6:45-7:00 World 7:00-7:10 News, 7:10-7:30 World 7:30-7:45 News, 7:45-8:00 World 8:00-8:15 News, 8:15-8:30 World 8:30-8:45 News, 8:45-9:00	6:05-6:30 Top of the Morning 6:30-6:45 News, 6:45-7:00 World 7:00-7:10 News, 7:10-7:30 World 7:30-7:45 News, 7:45-8:00 World 8:00-8:15 News, 8:15-8:30 World 8:30-8:45 News, 8:45-9:00	6:05-6:30 Top of the Morning 6:30-6:45 News, 6:45-7:00 World 7:00-7:10 News, 7:10-7:30 World 7:30-7:45 News, 7:45-8:00 World 8:00-8:15 News, 8:15-8:30 World 8:30-8:45 News, 8:45-9:00	6:05-6:30 Top of the Morning 6:30-6:45 News, 6:45-7:00 World 7:00-7:10 News, 7:10-7:30 World 7:30-7:45 News, 7:45-8:00 World 8:00-8:15 News, 8:15-8:30 World 8:30-8:45 News, 8:45-9:00	6:05-6:30 Top of the Morning 6:30-6:45 News, 6:45-7:00 World 7:00-7:10 News, 7:10-7:30 World 7:30-7:45 News, 7:45-8:00 World 8:00-8:15 News, 8:15-8:30 World 8:30-8:45 News, 8:45-9:00	6:05-6:30 Top of the Morning 6:30-6:45 News, 6:45-7:00 World 7:00-7:10 News, 7:10-7:30 World 7:30-7:45 News, 7:45-8:00 World 8:00-8:15 News, 8:15-8:30 World 8:30-8:45 News, 8:45-9:00
9:00 Breakfast Club 10:00 My True Story 11:00 Breakfast With 12:00 News, Evans 1:00 Backstage 2:00 News, Evans 3:00 Accents on Music 4:00 "Time" Views 5:00 News, Evans 6:00 Terry & Pirates 7:00 News, Evans 8:00 "Time" Views 9:00 News, Evans 10:00 News, Evans 11:00 News, Evans 12:00 News, Evans	9:00 Fun and Folly 10:00 World News 11:00 Barry Cameron 12:00 News, Evans 1:00 Nancy Osmond 2:00 News, Evans 3:00 Women of America 4:00 Backstage With 5:00 News, Evans 6:00 When a Girl Marries 7:00 News, Evans 8:00 News, Evans 9:00 News, Evans 10:00 News, Evans 11:00 News, Evans 12:00 News, Evans	9:00 Frazier Hunt 10:00 News, Evans 11:00 Barry Cameron 12:00 News, Evans 1:00 Nancy Osmond 2:00 News, Evans 3:00 Women of America 4:00 Backstage With 5:00 News, Evans 6:00 When a Girl Marries 7:00 News, Evans 8:00 News, Evans 9:00 News, Evans 10:00 News, Evans 11:00 News, Evans 12:00 News, Evans	9:00 News, Evans 10:00 News, Evans 11:00 News, Evans 12:00 News, Evans 1:00 News, Evans 2:00 News, Evans 3:00 News, Evans 4:00 News, Evans 5:00 News, Evans 6:00 News, Evans 7:00 News, Evans 8:00 News, Evans 9:00 News, Evans 10:00 News, Evans 11:00 News, Evans 12:00 News, Evans	9:00 News, Evans 10:00 News, Evans 11:00 News, Evans 12:00 News, Evans 1:00 News, Evans 2:00 News, Evans 3:00 News, Evans 4:00 News, Evans 5:00 News, Evans 6:00 News, Evans 7:00 News, Evans 8:00 News, Evans 9:00 News, Evans 10:00 News, Evans 11:00 News, Evans 12:00 News, Evans	9:00 News, Evans 10:00 News, Evans 11:00 News, Evans 12:00 News, Evans 1:00 News, Evans 2:00 News, Evans 3:00 News, Evans 4:00 News, Evans 5:00 News, Evans 6:00 News, Evans 7:00 News, Evans 8:00 News, Evans 9:00 News, Evans 10:00 News, Evans 11:00 News, Evans 12:00 News, Evans	9:00 News, Evans 10:00 News, Evans 11:00 News, Evans 12:00 News, Evans 1:00 News, Evans 2:00 News, Evans 3:00 News, Evans 4:00 News, Evans 5:00 News, Evans 6:00 News, Evans 7:00 News, Evans 8:00 News, Evans 9:00 News, Evans 10:00 News, Evans 11:00 News, Evans 12:00 News, Evans

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The Federal Diary

By Jerry Kluttz

Bell Agrees to Remain
In Treasury Through '45

TREASURY: Daniel W. Bell, the Government's outstanding career man, has been persuaded by Secretary Vinson to remain at least until the end of this year. He has a handsome offer from a New York bank which he is inclined to accept. Previously, he had arranged with former Secretary Morgenthau to leave his post and when Vinson took over he re-



KLUTTZ

offered his resignation. Further, Assistant Secretary Herbert Gaston, who also offered to step out, has been asked to stay in Treasury indefinitely. Few top-level changes are expected to be made by Vinson, who told his staff that he didn't bring a big broom into the department with him. Any changes to be made will be gradual over a period of time.

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DIARY NOTES: The Press Club yesterday featured an Atomic Cocktail... Grover Hill, former Agriculture Undersecretary, will be made president of a Farm Credit bank in Wichita, Kansas... Lieut. Col. Victor Sachse of a Bion Rouge, who was the legal officer in the Army seizure of Montgomery Ward, has been appointed assistant general counsel of the Surplus Property Board... Henry W. Bearce, chief of the Division of Weights and Measures of the National Bureau of Standards, will retire after 37 years of service to manage his apple orchards in Maine... Dr. E. M. Norris, a Negro, has been appointed assistant to Personnel Director Roy Reid at Agriculture. He replaces the late T. N. Roberts. Norris received his doctor's degree from Cornell... Dillon Myer, director of the War Relocation Authority, turned down an offer to join the Budget Bureau in a top-drawer job. He expects to wind up WRA the end of this year.

WAR DEPARTMENT plans to make St. Louis, rather than Washington its records center. Its large ordinance plant in that city will be converted into offices and record rooms for the Adjutant General's Office. Eventually a staff of from 6000 to 8000 may be required for the vast records job. Some functions and records may be moved from Washington to St. Louis, though this has not been decided definitely. But it has been agreed to transfer the discontinued Project Records from Omaha to St. Louis. Also, the Demobilized Records from High Point, N. C., and Organization Records from Savannah to St. Louis. These three divisions were moved out of Washington in the early stages of the war to make room for action agencies here.

These divisions would have been moved back here if space and personnel had been available. In the postwar period, AGO would require a good part of the Pentagon Building for all its activities. However, the move to St. Louis is permanent. In the demobilized division alone, will be the records of each of the millions of men and women who served in the Army during this war and World War I. It is being forced to move out of High Point because of the lack of space. This division had only a few hundred people when it was here but it'll have several thousands in St. Louis.

AGRICULTURE has adopted a tough attitude toward many former employees who have reemployment rights. This group is confined solely to those who refused to accompany Agriculture agencies that were decentralized and moved away from Washington early in the war and who accepted transfers to other agencies here. Sixty-three per cent of the personnel in those decentralized agencies—Farm Credit Administration, Farm Security, Rural Electrification, and Agricultural Adjustment Administration—stayed here and many of them were transferred to war agencies with reemployment rights. Agriculture officials take the position that it was to the convenience of these people to stay here and that their reemployment rights will be examined closely before they will be rehired. With the end of the war apparently in sight, many of these employees are trying to get back with Agriculture. The department has 8000 former employees in other agencies with reemployment rights. There is no doubt, of course, about veterans being returned to their old jobs. They will be.

MORE NOTES: William Y. Elliott has resigned as vice chairman of WPB in charge of civilian requirements. He'll join the staff of the House postwar committee. He'll be succeeded by A. C. C. Hill. WPB can't decide to what extent it will help industry convert to civilian production... Sam Lebensburger, the able director of Foreign Economic Re-

Jane Arden



quirements and Supplies, is slated to resign soon to return to private industry. His successor probably will be Walter Freedman, deputy director... FEA's general counsel, Al Davidson, is on a European trip... Walter Thayer is acting... RFC is publishing a neat magazine on its surplus property operations... National Labor Relations Board Chairman Paul M. Herzog has thanked each of his employees for their cooperation during his first month in office. "The three members of the board," he said, "are going forward together, firm in the conviction that the board will come through stronger than ever, provided we adhere, without fear or favor, to the principles of the act and to the public interest."

Wedded 'Miss Atlanta'
Gets Another Chance

New York, Aug. 7 (U.P.)—Peggy Harden Payne, who was disqualified from competing in the "Miss America" beauty contest as "Miss Atlanta" when it was learned she was married, got a second chance yesterday.

She received an invitation to represent Georgia in competition with wedded beauties from 47 other States in the "Mrs. America" beauty contest to be held in Palisades Park, N. J., early in September.

Rent Control Aide Named

Martinsburg, W. Va., Aug. 7.—Charles G. Gain, attorney, was today named area rent control attorney here, succeeding Anderson W. Hall.

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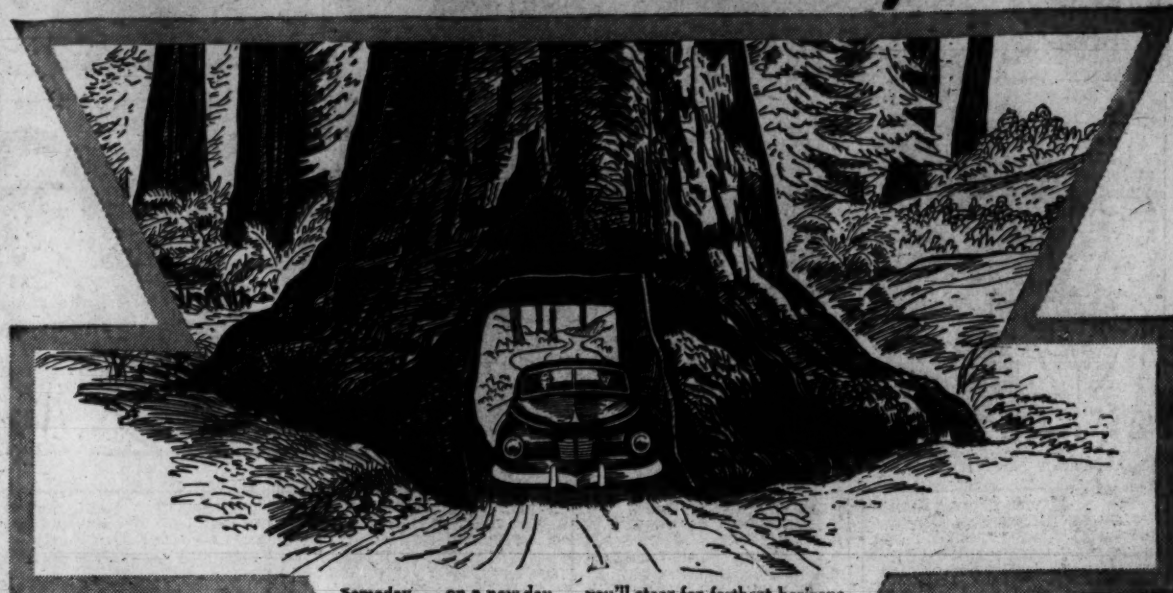
State to Ban Jobs For Girls Under 18

Baltimore, Aug. 7 (U.P.)—The wartime exemption of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act, which permits employment of 16 and 17 year-old girls on public contracts, has been revoked, Christian C. Shelton, Maryland branch office manager of the United States Department of Labor, said today. The revocation was issued on ad-

vice of the War Manpower Commission that there will be an adequate labor supply for war production without the use of additional girls not previously employed. The order forbids the employ-

ment of 16 and 17 year-old girls on public contracts after October 1. However, those already working on contracts as of that date may continue indefinitely in the employ of the same contractor under the same restrictions as previously required.

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